

English Guess

اگر آپ یہ MCQs تیار کرتے ہیں تو انشاء اللہ آپ کے 4/4 نمبرز Confirm یعنی کیے۔

Objective Portion



Choose the word with correct spelling:

1	A Warshep	B Worship	C Wership	D Wershep
2	A Ristrain	B Restrain	C Restrian	D Ristriian
3	A Careless	B Careles	C Caerless	D Kareless
4	A Saiviour	B Savior	C Seviour	D Savier
5	A Travelerrs	B Trawelers	C Travellers	D Trawelrs
6	A Preaching	B Preeching	C Preching	D Praching
7	A Civilizatione	B Civialization	C Civilization	D Ciavilization
8	A Masage	B Message	C Messege	D Mesege
9	A Balieves	B Believes	C Balieve	D Beleivs
10	A Verg	B Veragw	C Varge	D Verge
11	A Chaos	B Choas	C Chause	D Choes
12	A Divine	B Devine	C Devene	D Davine
13	A Belieaf	B Belief	C Bilefe	D Beleaf
14	A Aloquent	B Eloquent	C Eloquant	D Elaquant
16	A Duones	B Dunes	C Donues	D Dinus
17	A Nexus	B Neksus	C Naxus	D Nixus
18	A Miditasion	B Meditasicn	C Meditation	D Mediatione
19	A Embodement	B Embodiment	C Imbodiment	D Embomente
20	A Theology	B Thelogy	C Thaology	D Thealogy
21	A Historean	B Historrian	C Historian	D Hestorian
22	A Influantial	B Influintial	C Influential	D Influentiel
23	A Crumble	B Cramble	C Cromble	D Crimble
24	A Eloquance	B Eloquense	C Eloquence	D Eloquence
25	A Dazzling	B Dazzinig	C Dzazling	D Dazling
26	A Compation	B Compashen	C Compassion	D Compasion
27	A Competition	B Competision	C Compitetion	D Competision
28	A Dominancce	B Domenence	C Domenunc	D Dominance
30	A Iradicate	B Eradeecate	C Eradicate	D Eradecate
31	A Proclaim	B Proclaime	C Pruclaim	D Procliam
32	A Invasion	B Envasion	C Invesion	D Inveson
33	A Natve	B Neteve	C Native	D Netive
34	A Martyrdom	B Martyrdam	C Moortyrdam	D Mrtyrdoam
35	A Military	B Military	C Millitary	D Miltiyer
36	A Contenuosly	B Continuously	C Contineously	D Contenusly
37	A Suprem	B Suprime	C Supreme	D Superime
38	A Petriotism	B Patriotism	C Parriotizm	D Partiatsm
39	A Comemdable	B Commendable	C Commeneble	D Commendabl
40	A Sobcontinent	B Subcontinent	C Subkontinent	D Subcontinent
41	A Sacrefice	B Sacrifice	C Sacrifise	D Serifice
42	A Thesarus	B Thesaures	C Thesaurus	D Thesauruse
43	A Bariesrs	B Barriers	C Barreeres	D Barees
44	A Medeea	B Midea	C Media	D Madia
45	A Television	B Telvision	C Telivision	D Televesion
46	A Intigral	B Integral	C Antegral	D Entegral

47	A	Informatoon	B	Infoormation	C	Information	D	Infoarmation
48	A	Openions	B	Opinoins	C	Opinions	D	Openions
49	A	Awarenes	B	Awarenas	C	Awarenes	D	Awareness
50	A	Comunication	B	Communication	C	Communecation	D	Comenication
51	A	Include	B	Inklude	C	Inqlude	D	Inclood
52	A	Through	B	Thruogh	C	Throagh	D	Thraugh
53	A	Audience	B	Aundiance	C	Adience	D	Audienc
54	A	Intertain	B	Entertein	C	Entertaine	D	Entertain
55	A	Eagirly	B	Eagerly	C	Eagerrly	D	Eggerly
56	A	Entertainment	B	Entartanment	C	Entertainment	D	Entertenment
57	A	Majer	B	Meijor	C	Major	D	Mejor
58	A	Empact	B	Impect	C	Impact	D	Ampect
59	A	Magezzin	B	Magazine	C	Maggazin	D	Magzine
60	A	Furious	B	Furous	C	Forious	D	Furis
61	A	Reliave	B	Ralieve	C	Relieve	D	Relieva
62	A	Vilently	B	Violently	C	Vilantly	D	Voilantly
63	A	Journey	B	Journei	C	Journiy	D	Joruney
64	A	Deliacate	B	Delicate	C	Deilacte	D	Deelicate
65	A	Migratiion	B	Migrattion	C	Migration	D	Migrration
66	A	Travarse	B	Travurse	C	Traverse	D	Travirse
67	A	Infuriated	B	Anfuriated	C	Enfuriated	D	Inferiated
68	A	Acomplish	B	Accomplish	C	Accemplish	D	Accamplish
69	A	Detact	B	Detakt	C	Detect	D	Ditect
70	A	Politely	B	Polately	C	Poletely	D	Polietely
71	A	Parilous	B	Peralous	C	Perilous	D	Perilus
72	A	Davotion	B	Devotion	C	Divotion	D	Duvotion
73	A	Genrasty	B	Genrosty	C	Genrosity	D	Generosity
74	A	Believers	B	Balievers	C	Belivers	D	Beleviers
75	A	Inhertide	B	Inheritted	C	Inheritede	D	Inherited
76	A	Feuriously	B	Furiusly	C	Feuriosly	D	Furiously
77	A	Ryvael	B	Riveal	C	Reveil	D	Reveal
78	A	Rufuge	B	Refuge	C	Rafuge	D	Rofuge
79	A	Constant	B	Constunt	C	Constant	D	Cunstent
80	A	Companion	B	Companioon	C	Compenion	D	Companion
81	A	Vinture	B	Vanture	C	Ventere	D	Venture
82	A	Genurous	B	Generous	C	Genarus	D	Genorus
83	A	Pleasur	B	Pleisure	C	Pleasure	D	Pleasure
84	A	Salitude	B	Solichewed	C	Soletude	D	Solitude
85	A	Jorkund	B	Jacand	C	Jocund	D	Jacand
86	A	Pensovev	B	Pensuve	C	Pensive	D	Penseve
87	A	Lonily	B	Lonely	C	Loinle	D	Lonoly
88	A	Glei	B	Glee	C	Glae	D	Glie
89	A	Twinkal	B	Twinkle	C	Twinkel	D	Twenkel
90	A	Stere	B	Stairee	C	Stare	D	Steire
91	A	Brighte	B	Bright	C	Breghet	D	Brightt
92	A	Literature	B	Lieterataure	C	Leiteratur	D	Litearture
93	A	Conseption	B	Conception	C	Consiption	D	Conception
94	A	Ethnic	B	Athnic	C	Uthnic	D	Athenic
95	A	Cocity	B	Society	C	Sosiety	D	Sosaity
96	A	Inormity	B	Enormity	C	Anormity	D	Enormety
97	A	Arlier	B	Aerlier	C	Urlier	D	Earlier
98	A	Building	B	Bulding	C	Biulding	D	Buliding

99	A	Emargence	B	Emergance	C	Emergence	D	Emargance
100	A	Fundemental	B	Fondamental	C	Fandamental	D	Fundamental
101	A	Dispilne	B	Dcipline	C	Discipline	D	Dscipline
102	A	Hestory	B	Historey	C	Hestorey	D	History
103	A	Nomorous	B	Numerous	C	Numarous	D	Numrous
104	A	Pavot	B	Pivoat	C	Pivot	D	Pevot
105	A	Aptetude	B	Aptitued	C	Aptitude	D	Aptetude
106	A	Immanse	B	Immense	C	Immence	D	Immance
107	A	Corag	B	Courage	C	Curage	D	Couerge
108	A	Ambitoin	B	Ambition	C	Ambiton	D	Ambioton
109	A	Separate	B	Seperate	C	Seperate	D	Siprate
110	A	Independent	B	Indapendent	C	Indepandent	D	Indepandant
111	A	Pagun	B	Pagin	C	Pagan	D	Pegan
112	A	Diterminension	B	Determinetion	C	Determination	D	Detarmination
113	A	Tradition	B	Tredetion	C	Tredition	D	Tredishun
114	A	Kustom	B	Costom	C	Cestum	D	Custom
115	A	Situated	B	Situated	C	Siteated	D	Situeted
116	A	Empire	B	Empare	C	Empere	D	Impire
117	A	Ceramany	B	Caremony	C	Ceremony	D	Ceremany
118	A	Illuminate	B	Illumenate	C	Illominate	D	Illuminait
119	A	Impressive	B	Empressive	C	Imprassive	D	Impresive
120	A	Intrance	B	Entrince	C	Entrance	D	Entranse
121	A	Carvud	B	Karved	C	Carvid	D	Carved
122	A	Adorned	B	Adurned	C	Adoorned	D	Eddurned
123	A	Interier	B	Intirior	C	Interior	D	Intireor
124	A	Design	B	Deesign	C	Design	D	Designe
125	A	Hospyce	B	Hospice	C	Hospise	D	Hospiec
126	A	Mosques	B	Maques	C	Maskues	D	Maskues
127	A	Flamboyant	B	Flamboyante	C	Flemboyant	D	Flebmoyante
128	A	Dicorate	B	Decorated	C	Decoreted	D	Decorited
129	A	Architect	B	Archetect	C	Arrchitect	D	Archetect
130	A	Modeel	B	Moddel	C	Modal	D	Moddal
131	A	Humility	B	Houmility	C	Humiality	D	Humelity
132	A	Facillities	B	Fasilities	C	Facilities	D	Fucilities
133	A	Embellish	B	Emblish	C	Emblesh	D	Enormiety
134	A	Spacious	B	Spacius	C	Speciouss	D	Specius
135	A	Apointed	B	Appointed	C	Appeonted	D	Apoinntad
136	A	Doowny	B	Danvy	C	Dovny	D	Downy
137	A	Quear	B	Quier	C	Queir	D	Queer
138	A	Herness	B	Horness	C	Harness	D	Harnes
139	A	Flake	B	Flaik	C	Fliiek	D	Fleak
140	A	Vilage	B	Vellege	C	Villag	D	Village
141	A	Consurvation	B	Consarvation	C	Conservation	D	Cunservation
142	A	Misereble	B	Miserable	C	Misarable	D	Misirable
143	A	Frozan	B	Frozen	C	Frozin	D	Frozun
144	A	Gretetude	B	Gretitude	C	Gretetude	D	Gratitude
145	A	Patient	B	Petient	C	Petecnts	D	Patsant
146	A	Recroot	B	Recruit	C	Recruet	D	Recrute
147	A	Ensure	B	Innsure	C	Ensare	D	Ensore
148	A	Spair	B	Spare	C	Speer	D	Spere
149	A	Severe	B	Sivear	C	Sivere	D	Savere
150	A	Davastating	B	Devasteting	C	Devestating	D	Devastating

151	A	Crutchas	B	Crotchss	C	Cruteches	D	Crutches
152	A	Doctars	B	Doctors	C	Dactars	D	Docetors
153	A	Nural	B	Neural	C	Newral	D	Neurel
154	A	Nuerons	B	Niorons	C	Nurons	D	Neurons
155	A	Neurology	B	Neorology	C	Nearology	D	Neirology
156	A	Caurse	B	Ceurse	C	Course	D	Kaurce
157	A	Demage	B	Damage	C	Damege	D	Demmage
158	A	Gradually	B	Gradualy	C	Graduelly	D	Greddually
159	A	Conscious	B	Concions	C	Knoscious	D	Concsious
160	A	Senore	B	Senior	C	Cenior	D	Sanior
161	A	Troble	B	Trouble	C	Truble	D	Turble
162	A	Continuuos	B	Continous	C	Cuuntinoos	D	Continuous
163	A	Expariment	B	Experement	C	Experiment	D	Exparement
164	A	Abbolately	B	Absoletely	C	Absulately	D	Absolutely
165	A	Tendency	B	Tindency	C	Tendancy	D	Tendincy
166	A	Domistic	B	Doemestic	C	Domestic	D	Domastic
167	A	Cuorative	B	Curative	C	Courative	D	Curetive
168	A	Influense	B	Influence	C	Infloance	D	Influience
169	A	Tobacco	B	Tabako	C	Tobako	D	Tubacco
170	A	Relepse	B	Relapce	C	Relapse	D	Relaps
171	A	Addiction	B	Eddiction	C	Adiction	D	Addicson
172	A	Elimenate	B	Illiminate	C	Eliminat	D	Eliminate
173	A	Absolute	B	Abulutes	C	Absolote	D	Absolute
174	A	Advanture	B	Advenchur	C	Adventure	D	Adventre
175	A	Conseeling	B	Counseeling	C	Counseling	D	Cansoling
176	A	Exposed	B	Axposed	C	Expoced	D	Expoosed
177	A	Refuge	B	Reuje	C	Rafuge	D	Refuje
178	A	Cilents	B	Klients	C	Clients	D	Tlients
179	A	Routne	B	Routine	C	Ruotine	D	Routene
180	A	Usuel	B	Usual	C	Usaul	D	Ussuall
181	A	Envrnmental	B	Invornmental	C	Environmental	D	Enveronmental
182	A	Civec	B	Cevic	C	Civic	D	Ceivic
183	A	Iritant	B	Irritant	C	Irretant	D	Irritent
184	A	Devalop	B	Devolop	C	Develop	D	Davelop
185	A	Electronic	B	Alectronic	C	Electrance	D	Ilectronic
186	A	Distract	B	Destruct	C	Destruct	D	Distrect
187	A	Environment	B	Enviranament	C	Anvironment	D	Environmant
188	A	Technalogy	B	Technulogy	C	Technology	D	Teknology
189	A	Deepresion	B	Depretion	C	Depression	D	Depresseon
190	A	Mashrooming	B	Mushrooming	C	Mishrooming	D	Meshrooming
191	A	Magnificent	B	Magenificent	C	Magnifecent	D	Megnificent
192	A	Destination	B	Dastination	C	Distination	D	Dystination
193	A	Vigur	B	Vigor	C	Vigour	D	Vegour
194	A	Recantly	B	Racantly	C	Ricently	D	Recently
195	A	Panorama	B	Panarama	C	Pinorama	D	Panaroma
196	A	Inanemate	B	Inenimate	C	Inenemate	D	Inanimate
197	A	Tuch	B	Toch	C	Touch	D	Tuoch
198	A	Pageant	B	Pagiant	C	Pegeant	D	Pagaent
199	A	Ensigth	B	Ensite	C	Incitte	D	Insight
200	A	Dorment	B	Darment	C	Dormente	D	Dormant
201	A	Fortone	B	Fortoon	C	Fortune	D	Fortuen
202	A	Value	B	Velue	C	Veilue	D	Viliue

203	A	Epacurin	B	Epocurin	C	Apicurian	D	Epicurean
204	A	Discourse	B	Discoarse	C	Discoerce	D	Diskore
205	A	Berch	B	Birch	C	Berch	D	Berceh
206	A	Chastened	B	Chastaned	C	Chastuned	D	Chasteend
207	A	Melloe	B	Melloo	C	Mellow	D	Malowe

Synonyms & Antonyms

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Choose the correct meaning of the underlined word:



- In the fifth and sixth centuries, mankind stood on the verge of chaos .
A Betterment B Confusion C Solitude D Dilemma
- The word meditation means:
A Sound Sleep B Dozing C Deep Thought D Slumber
- The eloquence and memory found expression in the poetry.
A Weak B Strong C Healthy D Fluency
- Dunes means:
A Sandy Hills B Remove C Declare D Destroy
- I shall not abandon the true faith.
A Hate B Strong C Give up D Like
- The Arabs possessed a remarkable memory.
A Dangerous B Boring C Impressive D Famous
- Proclaim means.
A Request B Response C Declare D Forbid
- The word eradicate means
A Demolish B Remove C Destroy D Rebuild
- Verge means:
A Hard B Rare C Ease D Edge
- Arabia is a land of unparalleled charm and beauty.
A Unmatched B Unexceptional C Unimpressive D Unimportant
- Ashfaq Ahmad was a famous writer.
A Anxious B Fluent C Well known D Decent
- The word pagan means:
A Honesty B Hard C Clear D Disbeliever
- I give you to ride my bike if you like.
A Gave B Gives C Will give D Has given
- Abu Jehl was knocking the door violently.
A Politely B Softly C Forcefully D Angrily
- It is considered a commendable quality.
A Admirable B Poor C Rude D Guilty
- Devotion means:
A Loyalty B Glamorous C Easy to know D Difficult to know
- Inspired means:
A Motivated B Boring C Encourage D Unexciting
- The word Patriot comes from the word Patriota.
A Citizen B Poor C Rich D Countryman
- Supreme means:
A Fighter B Patriot C Sense D Top
- All of them awarded Nishan-e-Haider. The underline word means:
A Cheated B Granted C Protected D Wanted
- The word integrity means:

- A Uprights B Thirsty C Treachery D Confuse
- 22 The word **spirit** means:
A Reality B Laziness C Humility D Enthusiasm
- 23 He wanted to **protect** the values:
A Defend B Ruin C Devastate D Develop
- 24 The students all '**geared up**'.
A Ready B Silent C Motivated D Keen
- 25 Media **entertains** us too.
A Take B Inform C Amuse D Tease
- 26 Media plays a very **constructive** role for society.
A Awareness B Opinion C Information D Function
- 27 T.V has become an **integral** part of our lives.
A Old B Constant C Necessary D Unnecessary
- 28 Can we say the world is just a click way?
A Very near B Far away C In the way D Out of the way
- 29 **Awareness** means:
A Goodness B Bad C Realization D Conscious
- 30 The word **coverage** means:
A Planning B Reporting C Expression D Demonstration
- 31 We **participate** in different games.
A Like B Take part C Watch D Choose
- 32 She takes the **roll-call**.
A Phone call B Beard roll C Turn D Attendance check
- 33 **Impact** means:
A Soft B Follow C Effect D Beat
- 34 **Absolute** means:
A Victim B Complete C Tall D Aware
- 35 She remained **stead fast** and did not reveal the secret.
A Patient B Firm and resolute C Ready D Afraid
- 36 **Furiously** means:
A Happy B Angrily C Regular D See
- 37 She simply posed a counter question that **infuriated** Abu Jehl.
A Pleased B Helped C Helpless D Enraged
- 38 It was so **delicate** situation
A Difficult B Easy C Sensitive D Wrong
- 39 At this, she **instantly** ran to a corner of the home.
A Hardly B Immediately C Swiftly D Slowly
- 40 It was a very **Perilous** journey.
A Helpful B Long C Dangerous D Late
- 41 Abu Jehl began knocking at the door **violently**.
A Politely B Slowly C Forcefully D Angrily
- 42 She died at the **ripe old** age of about hundred years.
A Mature B Nice C Tiny D Rich
- 43 The word **vindicate** means:
A Dedicate B Revengeful C Experiment D Text
- 44 Her grandfather, Hazrat Abu Quhafaa (R.A) was a **disbeliever** at that time.
A Muslim B Brave C One who does not believe in Islam D Ignorant
- 45 She prepared food for this **journey**.
A Travel B Picnic C Stay D Hunger
- 46 She always remained **unswerving**.
A Patient B Firm and resolute C Ready to face D Prepared for the worst
- 47 She would **quietly** go there.

- A Quickly B Slowly C Silently D At once
- 48 **Slight** means:
- A Little B Big C Fight D Source
- 49 She was quietly **venture** towards the rugged mountain.
- A Play B Roam C Run D Go in Danger
- 50 **Detect** means:
- A To find out B Search C Looking for D Look into
- 51 She **prepared** food for journey
- A Got B Bought C Cooked D Sold
- 52 The word **refuge** means:
- A Regular B Place of safety C Show D Heavy
- 53 **Reveal** means:
- A Hide B Show C Happy D Regular
- 54 The floors are **covered** with carpets:
- A Exposed B Hidden C Light D Closed
- 55 "**Resolute**" means:
- A Weak B Firm C Heavy D Minor
- 56 **Astonish** means:
- A Make B Silent C Surprise D Mix
- 57 The word **pensive** means:
- A Difficult B Easy C Beautiful D Thoughtful
- 58 The word "**Bliss**" means:
- A Pleasure B Depression C Misery D Hell
- 59 "**Glee**" means.
- A Happiness B Sadness C Sleeping D Working
- 60 **Jocund** means:
- A Sad B Happy C Ugly D Gloomy
- 61 My little horse think it **queer**.
- A Good B Strange C Dark D Cold
- 62 I **wandered** lonely as crowd.
- A Played B Slept C Ran D Walked aimlessly
- 63 They flash upon that **inward** eye.
- A Feel B Fall C Appear with sudden D Sit
- 64 A **host** of golden daffodils
- A Post B In large number C Ghost D Cast
- 65 **Fluttering** and dancing with breeze.
- A Dying B Rhyming C Flying D Enchanting
- 66 And twinkle on the milky way.
- A Shine B Mine C Nostalgia D Home sickness
- 67 Quaid was a man of **strong belief**.
- A Wavering belief B No belief C Firm belief D Weak belief
- 68 Keep up your **morale**.
- A Wealth B Self-esteem C Voice D Journey
- 69 Today's the Quaid; Pakistan is facing **numerous** challenges.
- A Many B Empty C Very less D Very easy
- 70 Do not afraid of **death**.
- A Liked B Smearred C Scared D Repaired
- 71 "We are a nation", he **affirmed**.
- A Told B Said emphatically C Broke in D Advised
- 72 He gave the Muslims a sense of **identity**.
- A Pleasure B Recognition C Strength D Power
- 73 We should **face** it bravely to save the honour of Pakistan.

A	Repair	B	Cope with	C	Correct	D	Rectify
74	Manifold means:						
A	To demonstrate	B	To shake slightly	C	To act amusingly	D	Different types
75	Self-esteem means:						
A	Horror	B	Honour	C	Hour	D	Shortage
76	Pivot means:						
A	End point	B	Centre point	C	Powerful point	D	Beginning point
77	The word " Emerging " means.						
A	Disappear	B	Forsake	C	Rising	D	Neglect
78	The Quaid was a man of Strong Faith and belief.						
A	Firm faith	B	Weak faith	C	Wavering faith	D	Common faith
79	The entire Journey of the great leader's struggle was for Muslims of sub-continent.						
A	Short	B	Long	C	Pleasing	D	Complete
80	We are divided into bits and pieces on certain issues.						
A	Piece of cloth	B	Broken into pieces	C	Disunited	D	United
81	History and tradition, aptitude and ambitions.						
A	Skillful	B	Natural Ability	C	Chilled	D	Cool
82	A Heavy iron chain hangs in the upper part of the court entrance.						
A	Light	B	Normal	C	Big	D	Thin
83	Istanbul, the Largest city of the Turkey.						
A	Smallest	B	Greatest	C	Populated	D	Cultivated
84	The Sultan Ahmad Mosque is an Impressive monument.						
A	Big	B	Striking	C	Beautiful	D	Vast
85	Appointed means:						
A	Selected	B	Rejected	C	Come	D	Heavy
86	The word Flamboyant means:						
A	Colourful	B	Humble	C	Soft	D	Natural
87	A Heavy iron chain hangs in the upper part of the court. The antonym of the underline word is.						
A	Big	B	Bold	C	Light	D	Long
88	The Upper level of the interior is adorned with blue paint. The antonym of the underline word is.						
A	Lower	B	Outer	C	Higher	D	Over
89	The floors are Covered with carpets.						
A	Exposed	B	Decorated	C	Light	D	Closed
90	"Interior" of a room means:						
A	Outside	B	Inside	C	Boundary	D	Floor
91	Adorned means:						
A	Destroyed	B	Spoiled	C	Dirty	D	Decorated
92	The blue tiles Embellish its interior.						
A	Beautify	B	Brighten	C	Clear	D	Lighten
93	Blue Mosque is Unmatched in majesty.						
A	Unfinished	B	Very Simple	C	New	D	Matchless
94	It was completed by his Successor .						
A	Coming after	B	Coming before	C	Successful	D	Son
95	Mehrab is made of Finely carved marble.						
A	Strongly	B	Roughly	C	Quickly	D	Delicately
96	Unfortunately means:						
A	Bad luck	B	Greatly	C	Holy	D	Clearly
97	It was constructed between 1609 to 1619.						
A	Built	B	Borrowed	C	Purchased	D	Lent
98	My little horse must think it queer . The underline word means:						
A	Good	B	Strange	C	Dark	D	Cold

- 99 The beauty of woods **bewitches** minds?
 A Forest B Hill C Desert D Sea
- 100 He gives his **harness** bells a shake.
 A Beautiful B Small C Golden D Bridle
- 101 Of easy wind and downy **flake**.
 A Hard B Craft C Soft D Coarse
- 102 The phrase **Frozen to the ground**.
 A Frightened B Calm and quite C Motionless D Restless
- 103 The little birds are **piping** yet.
 A Yelling B Crying C Weeping D Twittering
- 104 Time has become that we should look back to **rectify** our mistakes.
 A Repair B Break C Correct D Streamline
- 105 Which of the following means the same as '**gradually**'?
 A Quickly B Speedily C Steadily D Hurriedly
- 106 I near the bed several questions **popping** in my mind.
 A Neglecting B Appearing C Disturbing D Deep
- 107 I want to **recruit** some honest persons.
 A Employ B Terminate C Discharge D Suspend
- 108 **Express** your feelings at proper time.
 A Hide B Articulate C Keep down D Stop
- 109 The travelers had to face a **devastating** hurricane.
 A Annihilating B Strong C Terrible D Sudden
- 110 **Apparently** means:
 A Obviously B It appears C clearly D Unclearly
- 111 It was the **beginning** of my profession as a nurse.
 A Death B Goal C Completion D Start
- 112 She '**made up her mind**' means:
 A Rejected B Accepted C Decided D Thought
- 113 **Hurt** means:
 A Disturb B Tease C Anxious D Injure
- 114 She walked on **crutches** which she would leave in a few months.
 A Footpath B Road C Broken Legs D Walking Sticks
- 115 She gave me an **ironic** smile.
 A Sad B Optimistic C Formal D Mocking
- 116 The word '**gradually**' means:
 A Quickly B Speedily C Steadily D Simply
- 117 She looked at me with **utter surprise**.
 A Complete B Some C No D Half
- 118 **Miserable** means:
 A Allow B Happen C Very unhappy D Rich
- 119 She could make some **recovery**.
 A Food B Cover C Progress D Get back to health
- 120 Why don't you go along your brother?
 A To B With C By D For
- 121 Drug addicts are **aware of** the danger of drugs.
 A Ignorant B Unknown C Well known D Well-informed
- 122 Families consider it a **taboo** to talk about the problems of a drug abuser.
 A Forbidden B Necessary C Hindrance D Threat
- 123 **Rehabilitation** of the drug victim is possible.
 A Death B Injury C Recovery D Counselling
- 124 **Aware of** means:
 A Conscious B Believe C Capable D Good at

- 125 **Curative** means:
 A Intend to health **B** Intend to cure C Intend to recover D Intend to
- 126 Drug addiction is a **common** problem.
A General B Mutual C Decided D Famous
- 127 **Genetic** means:
 A Relating to public B Relating to human being C Relating to creation **D** Relating to genes
- 128 **Discontented** means:
 A Satisfied **B** Dissatisfied C Attached D Detached
- 129 **Absolute** means:
 A Victim **B** Complete C Tall D Aware
- 130 We are trying to **eliminate** drug addiction.
 A Increase B Decrease **C** Wipe out D Maintain
- 131 The drug addiction is a **global** issue. The underline word is a/an.
 A Verb **B** Adjective C Noun D Article
- 132 **Outcast** means:
 A Vagabond B Bond **C** Band D Virtuous
- 133 We are trying **eliminate** drug addiction.
 A Increase B Decrease **C** Wipe out D Maintain
- 134 **Influence** means:
A Effect B Result C Answer D Devotion
- 135 There is a danger of **relapse** even after the recovery process
 A Start B Fall part C Tab **D** Go to back
- 136 **Hurt** means:
 A Disturb B Tease C Anxious **D** Injure
- 137 Time has come that we should look back to **rectify** our mistakes.
 A Repair B Break **C** Correct D Streamline
- 138 **Demonstrate** means:
 A Dictate **B** Show C Text D Experiment
- 139 The word **filter** means:
 A Make B Mix **C** Separate D join
- 140 **Bitter** means:
 A Pleasant B Wrong **C** Harsh D Beautiful
- 141 The wrong "**supervise**" means:
 A Control B Make orders **C** Administer D Obey
- 142 The benefits are **immense**.
 A Big **B** Enormous C Heavy D Light
- 143 We cannot buy these toys because of their **expensively** high prices.
 A Somewhat **B** Overly C A little D Fearfully
- 144 People must develop more **awareness** about noise pollution.
 A Rationalism **B** Knowledge C Realization D Reality
- 145 I feel **immense** pleasure to see others happy.
 A A bit B Little C Less **D** Huge
- 146 Noises **emiting** vehicles:
A Giving B Taking C Reaction D Controlling
- 147 In order to **escape** from:
A Scot free B Hide C Mellow D Sharp
- 148 The word **expedite** means:
 A Slow B Dull **C** Fast D Improve
- 149 The word **disrupt** means:
 A Make easy B Smooth C Faciliate **D** Disturb
- 150 **Various** means:
 A Huge **B** Different C Details D Supply

151 We need to **acquire** civic sense:

- A Apply **B** Obtain C Give-up D Hate

152 **Distract** means:

- A** Disturbs B Detects C Detracks D Satisfied

153 It is a big **source** of discomfort.

- A Dill B Pain C Time **D** Means

154 It not disturbs the general public that also affection construction workers by causing mental fatigue.

- A Distracts B Facts C Acts **D** Disappear

155 It can cause depression **insomnia**.

- A** Sleeplessness B Tiredness C Fatigue D Plague

156 **Quiver** means:

- A To demonstrate **B** To shake slightly C To act amusingly D None of these

157 He has **profound** of knowledge of Islamic history.

- A** Deep B Shallow C Narrow D Little

158 "**Anxious**" means.

- A Anger **B** Keen C Amuse D Ready

159 The little birds are **piping** yet. The underline word is an symbol of:

- A Crying B Weeping C Yelling **D** Twittering

160 "**Keen**" means:

- A** Eager B Uninterested C Angry D Ready

161 **Reveal** means:

- A** Show B Hide C Write D Say

162 The word **texture** means:

- A** Structure B Appearance C Outlook D Cold

163 **Astonish** means:

- A Make B Mix C Separate **D** Surprise

164 He would try to awaken their **dormant** faculties.

- A** Inactive B Active C Weak D Alive

165 The dawn was **revelation** of beauty:

- A** Disclosure B Secrecy C Promotion D Demotion

166 Certainly of **impending** death:

- A Easy B Slow **C** Imminent D Crazy

167 The word **Vigour** means:

- A** Sturdiness B Ideness C Weakness D Laziness

168 Death brings **mellow** sweetness.

- A** Cute B Some C Bitter D Moderate

169 **Manifold** means:

- A** Various B Few C Many D Diverse

170 **Apparently** means:

- A Obviously **B** As it appears C Clearly D Unclearly

171 He would to try to awaken their **dormant** faculties. The underline words means:

- A** Inactive B Active C Weak D Alive

172 In an unwise manner means:

- A Sentence **B** Phrase C Simple sentence D Adverb

173 There are those, of course, who would adopt the **epicurean** motto

- A Cherry **B** Eat drink and be merry C Lorry D Tartary

174 I should behold with awe the magnificent **panorama** life:

- A Jew **B** A view of wide area of land C New D Hew

175 The first day I devoted to my friends, **animate and inanimate**.

- A Holy B Trolly C Jolly **D** Not alive the way peoples


Grammar MCQs

اگر آپ یہ MCQs تیار کرتے ہیں تو انشاء اللہ آپ کے 5/5 نمبرز Confirm یعنی چکے۔

Choose the correct option according to the grammar: pakcity.org

- 1 He is the **richest** man in the family.
- A Positive degree of adjective B Comprehensive degree of an adjective C Superlative degree of an adjective D No degree of a n adjective
- 2 She is a **lazy** girl. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Noun B Adjective C Verb D Pronoun
- 3 There has not been **sufficient** rain this year. The underlined word is an adjective of
- A Quality B Colour C Origin D Quantity
- 4 The **worst** is:
- A Positive degree of an adjective B No degree of an adjective C Comparative degree of an adjective D Superlative degree of an adjective
- 5 My mother becomes if I get home late.
- A Anxiety B Anxious C Anxieties D Anxiously
- 6 I like to see a **smiling** face. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Adverb B Preposition C Adjective D Pronoun
- 7 I will give you to ride my bike if you like. It is a/an sentence.
- A Assertive B Interrogative C Conditional D Negative
- 8 Dinner was **good**. The underlined word is:
- A Adjective B Adverb C Comparative degree D Superlative degree
- 9 Drug addiction is a **global** issue. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Verb B Adjective C Noun D Article
- 10 If he works hard, he will pass. This is a/an conditional sentence.
- A Type II B Type I C Type III D Type IV
- 11 **No please**. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Adverb B Adjective C Pronoun D Verb
- 12 She is a **clever** girl. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Noun B Article C Clause D Adverb
- 13 I took her **lifeless** arm. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Noun B Verb C Adverb D Adjective
- 14 This is a very **informative** seminar. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Noun B Pronoun C Adjective D Adverb
- 15 Ashfaq Ahmad was a **famous** poet. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Adverb B Proposition C Adjective D Noun
- 16 **Courageous** is:
- A Noun B Verb C Adjective D Adverb
- 17 She gave me **false** information. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Noun B Adjective C Adverb D Pronoun
- 18 I you to ride my bike it you like.
- A Had given B Give C Will give D Gives
- 19 The **laughing** lady is leaving. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Gerund B Pronoun C Adverb D Adjective
- 20 Asfaq Ahmad was a writer.
- A Famous B Famed C Famously D Infamous
- 21 He was man of **strong** faith. The underlined word is a/an:

A	Adverbial	B	Noun	C	Adjective	D	Preposition
22	The <u>period of waiting</u> has come to a close.						
A	Verb	B	Adverb	C	Adjective	D	Noun phrase
23	Who is for this chaos?						
A	Be responding	B	Responsible	C	Responsive	D	Responded
24	It is to get the correct information from the university office.						
A	Advisable	B	Advisable	C	Advised	D	Advising
25	A relative pronoun is a word that works as:						
A	Conjunction	B	Article	C	Adjective	D	Past participle
26	As a <u>young trader</u> he earned good reputation. The underlined part is:						
A	Noun phrase	B	Prepositional phrase	C	Adjective phrase	D	Infinitive
27	<u>The</u> Arabs possessed a remarkable memory. The underlined word is a/an:						
A	Indefinite article	B	Pronoun	C	Definite article	D	Objective
28	At this point <u>in</u> time, Allah raised a prophet.						
A	Interjection	B	Adverb	C	Preposition	D	Pronoun
29	Such a <u>through</u> transformation of man was a result of firm belief. The underlined word is a/an:						
A	Noun	B	Pronoun	C	Adjective	D	Verb
30	He had a <u>pressing</u> urge. The underlined word is a/an:						
A	Noun	B	Verb	C	Phrase	D	Adjective
31	Every year <u>a</u> fair was held. The underlined word is a/an:						
A	Interrogative pronoun	B	Indefinite article	C	Noun	D	None of these
32	<u>Go the way.</u> The underlined sentence is:						
A	Imperative	B	Conditional	C	Exclamatory	D	Negative
33	Take the medicine regularly. It is an:						
A	Assertive sentence	B	Imperative sentence	C	Optative sentence	D	Interrogative sentence
34	How cold night is! This is an sentence.						
A	Assertive	B	Interrogative	C	Exclamatory	D	Imperative
35	Does the sun rise in the east? This is a/an:						
A	Interrogative	B	Assertive sentence	C	Negative sentence	D	Imperative sentence
36	What a beautiful painting!						
A	Assertive sentence	B	Exclamatory sentence	C	Negative sentence	D	Interrogative sentence
37	She did not make a false statement. This is a/an sentence.						
A	Assertive	B	Negative	C	Imperative	D	Interrogative
38	How would I know? This is a/an:						
A	Exclamatory sentence	B	Interrogative sentence	C	Negative sentence	D	Imperative sentence
39	You be punctual.						
A	Ought to	B	Are	C	Am	D	Would
40	You <u>must</u> be punctual.						
A	Verb	B	Modal verb	C	Adjective	D	Adverb
41	Did you call him? This is a/an:						
A	Interrogative sentence	B	Negative sentence	C	Imperative sentence	D	Assertive sentence
42	Teach him to learn. The sentence is a/an						
A	Imperative sentence	B	Assertive sentence	C	Negative sentence	D	Interrogative sentence
43	Quaid-e-Azam was a nation builder. The sentence is a/an:						
A	Present tense	B	Past tense	C	Future tense	D	Past perfect
44	<u>Who</u> offers sacrifices for the country? The underlined word is a/an:						

A	Relative pronoun	B	Reflexive pronoun	C	Possessive pronoun	D	Interrogative pronoun	
45	The spirit of patriotism <u>makes</u> us stay alert. The underlined word is a/an:							
A	Noun	B	Pronoun	C	Causative verb	D	Adjective	
46	<u>All of them were awarded.</u> The underlined sentence is:							
A	Imperative sentence	B	Negative sentence	C	Passive voice	D	Pronoun	
47	No compromise <u>can</u> be made. The underlined word is:							
A	Noun	B	Adverb	C	Phrase	D	Modal verb	
48	We must develop a sense <u>of</u> patriotism. The underlined word is a/an:							
A	Preposition	B	Indefinite article	C	Noun	D	None of these	
49	<u>If I go out, I shall turn off the TV.</u> The underlined sentence is:							
A	Conditional type I	B	Conditional type II	C	Conditional type III	D	None of these	
50	The horse hurt <u>itself</u> . The underlined word is a/an:							
A	Reflexive pronoun	B	Demonstrative pronoun	C	Distributive pronoun	D	Relative pronoun	
51	<u>Some</u> are born great. The underlined word is a/an:							
A	Indefinite pronoun	B	Possessive pronoun	C	Reflexive pronoun	D	Personal pronoun	
52	You will hurt <u>yourself</u> . The underlined word is a/an:							
A	Personal pronoun	B	Possessive pronoun	C	Reflexive pronoun	D	Indefinite pronoun	
53	<u>I</u> go to school daily. The underlined word is a/an:							
A	Reflexive pronoun	B	Indefinite pronoun	C	Personal pronoun	D	Relative pronoun	
54	<u>You</u> are a doctor. The underlined word is a/an:							
A	Noun	B	Verb	C	Adverb	D	Pronoun	
55	<u>I</u> was upset. The underlined word is a/an:							
A	Personal pronoun	B	Distributive pronoun	C	Indefinite pronoun	D	Interrogative pronoun	
56	<u>Who</u> offers sacrifices for the country? The underlined word is a/an:							
A	Interrogative pronoun	B	Reflexive pronoun	C	Possessive pronoun	D	Indefinite pronoun	
57	Quaid-e-Azam was a man of strong faith. The sentence is in							
A	Present tense	B	Past tense	C	Future tense	D	Past perfect tense	
58	The boy <u>laughs</u> loudly. The underlined word is a/an:							
A	Intransitive verb	B	Irregular verb	C	Transitive verb	D	None of these	
59	This is <u>my</u> book. The underlined word is a/an:							
A	Possessive pronoun	B	Reflexive pronoun	C	Indefinite pronoun	D	Personal pronoun	
60	<u>Quaid-e-Azam</u> was a nation builder. The sentence is a/an:							
A	Present tense	B	Past tense	C	Future tense	D	Past perfect tense	
61	You will hurt <u>yourself</u> . The underlined word is a/an:							
A	Possessive pronoun	B	Indefinite pronoun	C	Personal pronoun	D	Reflexive pronoun	
62	All of you have <u>participated</u> . The underlined word is a/an:							
A	Verb	B	Adverb	C	Modal	D	Article	
63	<u>Open the window.</u> The passive voice of this sentence is							
A	The windows be opened.	B	Let the window open.	C	Let the window be opened.	D	Window let be opened.	
64	Salman is absent because <u>he</u> is ill. The underlined word is a/an:							
A	Personal	B	Reflexive	C	Indefinite	D	Relative	

- 65 He did not take good care of his pet. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Personal pronoun B Relative pronoun C Reflexive pronoun D Indefinite pronoun
- 66 Media the attention of a very large audience.
- A Attract B **Attracts** C Attracting D Has attract
- 67 The students look forward anxiously. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Adverb of manner B Adverb of degree C Adverb of frequency D Adverb of time
- 68 "Knowledge if the world" is
- A Position B Verb C **Phrase** D Adjective
- 69 I would like to say something on it. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Main verb B **Modal verb** C Noun D None of these
- 70 Miss Ayesha pointed to the students. The underlined word is:
- A Preposition B Indirect object C Pronoun D Adverb
- 71 Always speak the truth. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Common noun B Pronoun noun C **Abstract noun** D Collective noun
- 72 "Patience" is a/an:
- A Proper noun B Noun phrase C **Abstract noun** D Material noun
- 73 "Valour" is a/an:
- A Material noun B Countable noun C **Abstract noun** D Uncountable noun
- 74 Saqib is leaving Friday at noon.
- A **On** B At C By D From
- 75 Bravery is a/an:
- A Proper noun B Collective noun C **Abstract noun** D Material noun
- 76 Sympathy is a/an:
- A Material noun B Collective noun C **Abstract noun** D Uncountable noun
- 77 The correct pronunciation of "Perilous" is:
- A Pjro/s B **Pere/es** C Par3:/s D P^rls
- 78 Ignorance is a/an:
- A Proper noun B Collective noun C **Abstract noun** D Material noun
- 79 We are studying English.
- A An B A C The D **None of these**
- 80 Wisdom is a/an:
- A Proper noun B **Abstract noun** C Common noun D Material noun
- 81 He began knocking the door violently. Choose the correct preposition.
- A **At** B On C Into D About
- 82 We are studying English book. Choose the correct article.
- A A B **An** C The D About
- 83 The horse runs in the pasture. The underlined word is:
- A Number B **Noun** C Tense D Predicate
- 84 The Arabs possessed a remarkable memory. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Indefinite article B Pronoun C **Definite article** D Object
- 85 Difficulty is a/an noun.
- A Countable B Uncountable C Material D **Abstract**
- 86 Courage is a/an noun.
- A Material B Countable C Uncountable D **Abstract**
- 87 Flower smells sweet. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Uncountable noun B Abstract noun C **Common noun** D Material noun
- 88 The word anxiety is:
- A **A noun** B An adjective C An adverb D A pronoun
- 89 This is my book. The underlined word is a/an:
- A **Noun** B Verb C Adjective D Pronoun

- 90 At this point in time, Allah raised a Prophet.
A Interjection B Adverb C Preposition D Pronoun
- 91 He is tallest in the class. Choose the correct article.
A An B On C Than D The
- 92 Nishan-e-Haider is the highest military award. The underlined word is a/an:
A Common noun B Proper noun C Abstract noun D Relative noun
- 93 He is the tallest in class. The underlined word is a/an:
A Definite article B Indefinite article C Preposition D Pronoun
- 94 Honesty is the best policy. The underlined word is a/an:
A Common noun B Proper noun C Collective noun D Abstract noun
- 95 Charagh Din is admired for his valour. The underlined word is a/an:
A Material noun B Countable noun C Abstract noun D Uncountable noun
- 96 How cold the night is! This is a/an sentence.
A Negative B Interrogative C Exclamatory D Imperative
- 97 Ahmad is leaving Friday at noon.
A On B At C By D From
- 98 The boy laughs loudly. The underlined word is a/an:
A Intransitive verb B Transitive verb C Irregular verb D None of these
- 99 Razi is leaving on Friday at noon. The underlined word is a/an:
A Article B Preposition C Gerund D Pronoun
- 100 He is ashamed of his behavior. The underlined word is a/an:
A Noun B Adverb C Preposition D Adjective
- 101 It was so dedicated. Pronoun in the sentence is:
A It B Was C Delicate D So
- 102 "At the house Hazrat Abu Bakar Siddique (R.A)" is
A Verb B Conditional clause C Phrase D None of these
- 103 Hazrat Asma (R.A) was amongst the early few who accepted Islam. The underlined word is a/an:
A Interrogative pronoun B Relative pronoun C Noun D None of these
- 104 She didn't make statement that would give them a clue. The underlined word is a/an:
A Direct object B Indirect object C Pronoun D Adverb
- 105 The police dispersed the crowd. The underlined word is a/an:
A Countable noun B Material noun C Collective noun D Uncountable noun
- 106 "Herd" is a/an:
A Collective noun B Material noun C Uncountable noun D Verbal noun
- 107 Even though we lost the game, our team played well. The underlined word is a/an:
A Coordinating conjunction B Subordinating conjunction C Correlating conjunction D Prepositional phrase
- 108 The students are sitting under a tree. The underlined word is a/an:
A Preposition B Adverb C Adjective D Noun
- 109 He is ashamed of his behavior. The underlined word is a/an:
A Noun B Adverb C Preposition D Adjective
- 110 Get up at 8'o clock. Here "at" is a:
A Number B Digit C Preposition D Time
- 111 The dog sat his master.
A Beside B Along C Across D Over
- 112 Wait I return.
A Till B Before C Unless D If
- 113 He proved a lion in the fight. This sentence is an example of:
A Simile B Metaphor C Imagery D Alliteration
- 114 Why don't you go along your brother?

- A To B With C By D For
- 115 The class has just had a physics lesson. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Abstract noun B Material noun C Concrete noun D Collective noun
- 116 The gang of robbers was arrested by police. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Abstract noun B Material noun C Concrete noun D Collective noun
- 117 I do not want burnt toast. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Past participle B Present participle C Gerund D Adverb
- 118 The laughing lady is leaving. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Participle B Pronoun C Adverb D Adjective
- 119 Team is a/an:
- A Proper noun B Common noun C Collective noun D Material noun
- 120 The committee decided against him. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Concrete noun B Collective noun C Abstract noun D Proper noun
- 121 "You disappointed me". This sentence is a/an:
- A Phrase B Clause C Conjunction D Dependent clause
- 122 No please. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Adverb B Adjective C Pronoun D Verb
- 123 "Committee" is a/an noun.
- A Abstract B Uncountable C Proper D Collective
- 124 I wandered lonely as a cloud. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Pronoun B Verb C Adverb D Proper noun
- 125 Ten thousand flowers I saw at a glance. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Noun B Verb C Phrase D Numeral adjective
- 126 When all at once I saw a crowd. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Verb B Conditional clause C Collective noun D Proper noun
- 127 And dances the daffodils.
- A To B With C Onto D For
- 128 Out did the sparkling leave in glee. The underlined word is:
- A Adjective B Preposition C Pronoun D Adverb
- 129 I like painting. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Pronoun B Participle C Gerund D Past participle
- 130 The pigeon flies swiftly. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Adjective B Adverb C Gerund D Participle
- 131 She was singing beautifully at a concert. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Adverb of manner B Adverb of place C Adverb of time D Adverb of degree
- 132 Ali ran quickly. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Verb B Adverb C Noun D Adjective
- 133 Painting is good fun. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Infinitive B Present participle C Gerund D Past participle
- 134 He did his work carefully. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Verb B Adjective C Adverb D Conjunction
- 135 He is found of cooking. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Past participle B Gerund C Present participle D Infinitive
- 136 If you had studied hard, you succeeded.
- A Would B Will C Would have D Shall
- 137 Jumping is fun. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Participle B Present participle C Infinitive D Gerund
- 138 Sleeping must be peaceful. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Gerund B Continuous form C Verb D Article
- 139 We watch him go. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Past participle B Gerund C Present participle D Infinitive
- 140 Writing is a nice practice. The underlined word is a/an:

- A Continuous form **B** Gerund C Verb D Verbal noun
- 141 He spoke very loud. The underlined word is a/an:
A Manner B Frequency C Degree D Time
- 142 They taught her to spend money wisely. The underlined word is a/an:
A Infinitive B Gerund C Past participle D Main verb
- 143 You are free to go to your houses. Here "to go" is a/an:
A Gerund **B** Infinitive C Verb D Adverb
- 144 She was singing at a concert.
A Adverb of manner **B** Adverb of place C Adverb of time D Adverb of frequency
- 145 She spoke loudly. The underlined word is a/an:
A Adverb B Noun C Adjective D Pronoun
- 146 She walked here. The underlined word is a/an:
A Adverb of time B Adverb of manner **C** Adverb of place D Adverb of frequency
- 147 Sweeping should be up to the mark. The underlined word is a/an:
A Gerund B Verb C Noun D Adverb
- 148 She was singing last Sunday.
A Adverb of manner B Adverb of frequency C Adverb of place **D** Adverb of time
- 149 She was walking slowly. The underlined word is a/an:
A Adverb of place **B** Adverb of manner C Adverb of time D None of these
- 150 Did Sadaf behave well? The underlined word is a/an:
A Noun B Pronoun C Adjective **D** Adverb
- 151 He spoke eloquently. The underlined word is a/an:
A Gerund **B** Adverb C Adjective D Preposition
- 152 Drug addiction is a very serious threat. The underlined word is a/an:
A Adverb B Noun C Adjective D Conjunction
- 153 Media helps people to share knowledge. The underlined word is a/an:
A Article B Auxiliary C Noun **D** Infinitive
- 154 Which of the following does not mean the same as manifold?
A Various B Few **C** May D Diverse
- 155 She was singing beautiful at a concert. The underlined word is a/an:
A Adverb of manner **B** Adverb of place C Adverb of time D Adverb of degree
- 156 Smoking is injurious to health. The underlined word is a/an:
A Infinitive **B** Gerund C Present participle D Sentence
- 157 I was upset. The underlined word is a/an:
A Past participle B Present participle C Infinitive **D** Personal pronoun
- 158 I have always disliked smoking. The underlined word is a/an:
A Verb **B** Gerund C Infinitive D Participle
- 159 We felt the plane shaking in the storm. The underlined word is a/an:
A Infinitive **B** Gerund C Noun D Preposition
- 160 Going is a/an:
A Past participle **B** Gerund C Present participle D Infinitive
- 161 Quaid-e-Azam was a man of strong faith and belief. The sentence is in
A Present tense **B** Past tense C Future tense D Past perfect tense
- 162 He said in a speech at Lahore. The underlined word is a/an:
A Adjective B Pronoun **C** Adverb of place D Adverb of time
- 163 You are made of sterling material. The underlined word is a/an:
A Noun B Verb C Phrase **D** Adjective
- 164 Quaid-e-Azam was a man of strong belief and faith in religion as well as a moderate and progressive democrat. The underlined word is a/an:
A Verb B Conditional clause **C** Conjunction D Phrase
- 165 You may belong to any religion. The underlined word is a/an:
A Interrogative pronoun **B** Modal verb C Noun D Verb

- 166 Today the Quaid-e-Azam's Pakistan is passing through difficult times because many among us have forgotten how much struggle Muslims had much made. The underlined word is:
 A Adverb of reason B Indirect object C Pronoun D Adverb
- 167 The syllables in the word "politically" are:
 A Two B Three C Four D Five
- 168 The correct pronunciation of "happy" is:
 A Haipy B Haipi C Haepi D Haepi
- 169 I came earlier. Here "earlier" is an adjective of degree.
 A Positive B Comparative C Pronoun D Superlative
- 170 Which of the following is an appropriate sentence?
 A We are tired usually by the end of the day B We are tired by usually by the end of the day C We are usually tired by the end of the day D We are tired by the end of the day usually
- 171 I came earlier. The underlined word is a/an:
 A Verb B Noun C Adverb D Adjective
- 172 The worst is:
 A Positive degree of an adjective B Comparative degree of an adjective C Superlative degree of an adjective D Adverb
- 173 The mosque has a spacious forecourt. Adjective in the sentence is:
 A The B Mosque C Spacious D Forecourt
- 174 The construction of the mosque was started in 1609. The underlined word is a/an:
 A Noun B Verb C Phrase D Adverb of time
- 175 "In the upper of the court" is:
 A Verb B Conditional clause C Phrase D Adjective
- 176 The floor was covered carpets.
 A For B With C To D By
- 177 There is a fountain which is rather small. The underlined word is a/an:
 A Relative pronoun B Indirect object C Pronoun D Adverb
- 178 The best is:
 A Positive degree B Comparative degree C Superlative degree D No degree
- 179 She is more beautiful. The underlined word is a/an:
 A Degree B Person C Number D Noun
- 180 The shoe is pressing on my toe. The underlined word is a/an:
 A Preposition phrase B Noun phrase C Adjective phrase D Adverb phrase
- 181 He led a life devoid of blame. The underlined word is a/an:
 A Adverb phrase B Noun phrase C Adjective phrase D Preposition phrase
- 182 Which of the following is a phrase?
 A It is of no use B He is well C In an unwise manner D Over her hangs the great dark bell
- 183 Besides the ungathered rice the lay. The underlined word is a/an:
 A Adjective phrase B Noun phrase C Preposition phrase D Adverb phrase
- 184 In an unwise manner. The underlined is a/an:
 A Sentence B Phrase C Simple sentence D Adverb
- 185 Ali ran at great speed. The underlined word is a/an phrase:
 A Noun B Verb C Adverb D Adjective
- 186 I like to see a face with a smile on it. The underlined phrase is a/an:
 A Adverb phrase B Adjective phrase C Preposition phrase D Noun phrase
- 187 As a young trader he earned good reputation. The underlined part is a/an:
 A Noun phrase B Prepositional phrase C Adjective phrase D Infinitive

188 **Crowd** is noun:

- A Material B Abstract C Degree **D** Collective

189 The pigeon flies **swiftly**. The underlined word is a/an:

- A Adjective **B** Adverb C Gerund D Participle

190 I like to see a **smiling face**. The underlined word is a/an:

- A Adverb B Preposition **C** Adjective D Pronoun



191 He spoke very **loud**. The underlined word is a/an:

- A Manner **B** Frequency C Degree D Time

192 The **police** dispersed the crowd. The underlined word is a/an:

- A Material noun B Countable noun C Uncountable noun **D** Collective noun

193 He will not see me stopping **here**. The underlined word is a/an:

- A Adverb of time B Adverb of manner **C** Adverb of place D Adverb of degree

194 The woods are lovely, **dark and deep**. The underlined word are a/an:

- A Noun B Verb C Phrase **D** Alliteration

195 Between the woods and **frozen** lake. The underlined word is a/an:

- A Verb B Conditional clause **C** Adjective D Adverb

196 My **little** horse must think it queer. The underlined word is a/an:

- A Interrogative pronoun **B** Modal verb C Noun D Adverb

197 The **darkest** evening of the year. The underlined word is:

- A** Adjective B Indirect object C Pronoun D Adverb

198 The correct pronunciation of breeze is:

- A Bre:z **B** Bri:z C Brea:z D Brri:z

199 He left for Okara **instead** of Lahore. The underlined word is a/an:

- A Conjunction B Interjection C Article **D** Compound preposition

200 He couldn't go home he had no place to go. Choose the appropriate conjunction.

- A But **B** For C Though D Then

201 I have no money, I cannot go for shopping.

- A** Since B As C Before D So

202 He began knocking the door violently.

- A On B Over **C** At D Into

203 Have you got anything those poor women could take their children. Choose the correct relative pronoun.

- A Which B That C Whom **D** What

204 it was hot, he was wearing a coat. Choose the appropriate conjunction.

- A When B Then C Because **D** Although

205 Why are you so sad? I've lost pen I bought this morning.

- A Which **B** That C Whom D What

206 He left for Okara **instead** of Lahore. The underlined word is a/an:

- A Conjunction B Interrogative C Article **D** Compound preposition

207 I took her **lifeless** arm. The underlined word is a/an:

- A Noun B Verb C Adverb **D** Adjective

208 I wished to see **the world**. The underlined word is a/an:

- A Indirect object B Preposition **C** Direct object D Conjunction

209 I could read her mind through her eyes. Main verb in the sentence is:

- A I B Could **C** Read D None of these

210 I am trying **to make** her brain process her sister's voice. The underlined word is a/an:

- A Interrogative pronoun **B** Causative verb C Noun D None of these

211 I felt a gentle pat my shoulder.

- A** On B For C To D Into

212 I was excited **to see** the patients. The underlined word is:

- A Noun B Verb C Phrase **D** Infinitive

213 The people **who** are dissatisfied with their lives may also resort to drug addiction. The

- underlined word is a/an:
- A Reflexive pronoun **B** Relative pronoun C Possessive pronoun D Subjective pronoun
- 214 That was the reason why he came late. The underlined clause is a/an:
- A Adverb clause **B** Adjective clause C Noun clause D None of these
- 215 The moment "which" is list is list forever. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Indefinite pronoun B Reflexive pronoun C Possessive pronoun **D** Relative pronoun
- 216 He is the boy who stole my pen. "who" is a pronoun:
- A Personal B Possessive C Reflexive **D** Relative
- 217 A relative pronoun is a word that works as:
- A** Conjunction B Article C Adjective D Past participle
- 218 She is the girl whom I met in Lahore. The underlined word is a/an:
- A** Relative pronoun B Personal pronoun C Interrogative pronoun D Indefinite pronoun
- 219 He is the man whom we all respect. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Noun B Verb C Preposition D Relative pronoun
- 220 I have work which I must do. The underlined clause is a/an:
- A Main clause B Subordinate clause **C** Adjective clause D Adverb
- 221 Who offers sacrifices for the country? The underlined word is a/an:
- A Relative pronoun B Adjective of quality C Adjective of quantity D None of these
- 222 The boy who stole my pen was caught. The underlined word is a/an:
- A** Relative pronoun B Question word C Adjective D Preposition
- 223 This is the girl stood first in the class.
- A Whose B Which C Whom **D** Who
- 224 Have you seen the man who bought a book from the shop just now? The underlined word is a/an:
- A Personal pronoun **B** Relative pronoun C Indefinite pronoun D Reflexive pronoun
- 225 Which is a/an:
- A Indefinite pronoun B Reflexive pronoun C Possessive pronoun **D** Relative pronoun
- 226 My mother cooks the food which I like. The underlined word is a/an:
- A** Relative pronoun B Reflexive pronoun C Possessive pronoun D Subjective pronoun
- 227 I was upset. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Past participle B Present participle **C** Personal pronoun D Gerund
- 228 Drug addiction is a very serious that. The underlined word is a/an:
- A** Adverb B Noun C Adjective D Conjunction
- 229 Drugs are considered severely harmful health. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Adverb of reason B Adverb of place **C** Adverb of degree D Adverb of manner
- 230 What do you understand the term "Counseling"? The underlined word is a/an:
- A Verb B Conditional clause C Interrogative adjective D None of these
- 231 These centers strictly supervise the victim. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Interrogative pronoun **B** Adverb of manner C Noun D Adjective
- 232 They undergo many serious problems such as poverty, family and health problem. The underlined word is a/an:
- A** Abstract noun B Indirect noun C Pronoun D Adverb
- 233 Drug addiction is a global issue. The underlined word is a/an:
- A Verb **B** Adjective C Noun D Article
- 234 He came after night had fallen. The underlined clause is an adverb clause of:
- A Condition B Place **C** Time D Reason
- 235 I am glad 'that you like it.' The underlined clause is an adverb clause of:
- A Condition B Place C Time **D** Reason
- 236 They can stay where they are. The underlined clause is a/an:
- A Adverb clause of **B** Adverb clause of C Adverb clause of D Adverb clause of

	condition	place	time	reason
237	The government has levied more taxes. the salary structure has not been improved.			
A	In fact	B But	C Hence	D Whereas
238	You may sit <u>wherever</u> you like. The underlined word is a/an:			
A	Pronoun	B Question word	C Interjection	D Subordinating conjunction
239	Noise pollution is a <u>serious</u> issue. The underlined word is a/an:			
A	Conjunction	B Interjection	C Adjective	D Preposition
240	<u>Unmonitored</u> use of all these kind makes them pollutants. The underlined word is a/an:			
A	Noun	B Verb	C Phrase	D Adjective
241	<u>If left unchecked</u> , it can have serious effects. The underlined clause is a/an:			
A	Verb	B Main clause	C Conditional clause	D Phrase
242	For this people need <u>to develop</u> some civic responsibility. The underlined word is a/an:			
A	Interrogative pronoun	B Infinitive	C Noun	D Gerund
243	Use of technology is another source noise pollution.			
A	Of	B With	C For	D By
244	I soon returned home because I was upset. This is a sentence.			
A	Simple	B Compound	C Complex	D Compound and complex
245	If I were you, I should not do that. This sentence is conditional:			
A	Type I	B Type II	C Type III	D None of these
246	<u>"Most of us take life for granted"</u> . This is a/an:			
A	Compound sentence	B Simple sentence	C Complex sentence	D None of these
247	<u>"God helps those who help themselves."</u> This is a/an:			
A	Complex sentence	B Simple sentence	C Imperative sentence	D Optative sentence
248	Did you accept my apology? This is a/an:			
A	Simple sentence	B Negative sentence	C Compound sentence	D Interrogative sentence
249	He is rich, but he is not happy.			
A	Compound sentence	B Simple sentence	C Complex sentence	D Both A and C
250	Night came on and the room grew dark. This is a/an			
A	Simple sentence	B Compound sentence	C Complex sentence	D Compound-complex sentence
251	They serve God well who serve His creatures. This is a/an sentence.			
A	Simple	B Compound	C Complex	D Imperative
252	I called him but he gave me no answer. This is a/an sentence.			
A	Compound	B Complex	C Simple	D Conditional
253	<u>Nobody</u> was there to rescue the child. The underlined word is a/an pronoun.			
A	Reflexive	B Possessive	C Indefinite	D Personal
254	She wrote an article in the newspaper. The sentence is			
A	Simple	B Compound	C Complex	D Optative
255	He is rich, yet he is not happy. This is a/an sentence.			
A	Simple	B Compound	C Complex	D Compound complex
256	The opposite of satisfied is			
A	Unsatisfied	B Unsatisfied	C Non-satisfied	D Dissatisfied
257	They can stay <u>where they are</u> . The underlined clause is an adverb clause of:			
A	Conditional	B Time	C Reason	D Place
258	He led life <u>devoid of blame</u> . The underlined phrase is a/an:			
A	Adverb phrase	B Noun phrase	C Adjective	D Preposition phrase
259	They finished the work in time. This sentence is a/an:			

A	Simple sentence	B	Exclamatory sentence	C	Negative sentence	D	Interrogative sentence
260	Sometimes I thought that it would be an excellent that it would be an excellent rule. Adjective in the sentence is:						
A	It	B	Would be	C	Excellent	D	Rule
261	"Revelation of beauty" is:						
A	Noun	B	Verb	C	Pronoun	D	Phrase
262	What is should most like to see if I was given the use of my eyes. The sentence is conditional:						
A	Type I	B	Type II	C	Type III	D	Imperative
263	If I were the president of university, I should establish a compulsory course. The sentence is conditional:						
A	Type I	B	Type II	C	Type III	D	Optative
264	The city becomes my destination. The sentence is:						
A	Simple sentence	B	Complex sentence	C	Compound sentence	D	Imperative sentence

Forms of Verb

اگر آپ یہ MCQs تیار کرتے ہیں تو انشاء اللہ آپ کے 5/5 نمبرز Confirm یعنی پکے۔

Choose the correct form of verb:



1	The sun in the east.						
A	Rise	B	Rises	C	Has rise	D	Is rise
2	The picture is by the boy.						
A	Make	B	Makes	C	Made	D	Making
3	She her cat very much.						
A	Love	B	Loved	C	Will love	D	Loves
4	Good students always hard.						
A	Have worked	B	Work	C	Works	D	Working
5	All parents their children.						
A	Love	B	Are loving	C	Loved	D	Have loved
6	Sumera absent because she is ill.						
A	Were	B	Will	C	Would	D	Is
7	He to school daily.						
A	Go	B	Goes	C	Going	D	Went
8	She the door softly.						
A	Shut	B	Shuts	C	Going	D	Went
9	He to school every day.						
A	Will go	B	Goes	C	Go	D	Went
10	I do not my meals at night.						
A	Takes	B	Took	C	Take	D	Are taking
11	Patriots their lives for country.						
A	Lay	B	Laid	C	Layed	D	Has lay
12	A patriot his country.						
A	Loved	B	Love	C	Loves	D	Has loved
13	They tea every morning.						
A	Take	B	Took	C	Takes	D	Are taking
14	They tea every morning.						
A	Drink	B	Drinks	C	Drinking	D	Drunk
15	He always a lie.						
A	Tells	B	Tell	C	Told	D	Is telling
16	They are not help (passive voice)						

- | | | | | | | | |
|----|---|---|-----------|---|------------------|---|-------------------|
| A | Give | B | Gave | C | Given | D | Has given |
| 17 | The earth around the sun. | | | | | | |
| A | Revolve | B | Revolves | C | Revolved | D | Revolving |
| 18 | The sun in the west. | | | | | | |
| A | Sets | B | Set | C | Setting | D | Have set |
| 19 | Arshad always back home late. | | | | | | |
| A | Come | B | Comes | C | Has come | D | Had come |
| 20 | They always back home late. | | | | | | |
| A | Come | B | Comes | C | Came | D | Had come |
| 21 | She apples. | | | | | | |
| A | Is liked | B | Is liking | C | Like | D | Likes |
| 22 | She apples quite well. | | | | | | |
| A | Speaks | B | Speaking | C | Spoke | D | Has been speaking |
| 23 | So you to school every day? | | | | | | |
| A | Go | B | Went | C | Gone | D | These |
| 24 | Salma interest in studies. | | | | | | |
| A | Take | B | Takes | C | Taking | D | Has taken |
| 25 | Charity at home. | | | | | | |
| A | Begging's | B | Bagan | C | Would begin | D | Begin |
| 26 | He us English daily. | | | | | | |
| A | Teach | B | Teaches | C | Had taught | D | Will teach |
| 27 | They to sleep at ten. | | | | | | |
| A | Went | B | Go | C | Goes | D | Are going |
| 28 | He the truth. | | | | | | |
| A | Loved | B | Loving | C | Loves | D | Love |
| 29 | She her cat very much. | | | | | | |
| A | Loved | B | Loving | C | Loves | D | Love |
| 30 | It in winter. | | | | | | |
| A | Rain | B | Rained | C | Rains | D | Is raining |
| 31 | He tells the tale that untrue. | | | | | | |
| A | Sounds | B | Sound | C | Sounding | D | Sounded |
| 32 | Let the window | | | | | | |
| A | Open | B | Be opened | C | Opened | D | Opens |
| 33 | He newspapers for living. | | | | | | |
| A | Sell | B | Selling | C | Sells | D | Will sold |
| 34 | He tells a story that untrue. | | | | | | |
| A | Sound | B | Go | C | Sounds | D | Sounding |
| 35 | It at present. | | | | | | |
| A | Is raining | B | Rain | C | Rains | D | Was raining |
| 36 | It now. | | | | | | |
| A | Is raining | B | Will rain | C | Has been raining | D | Was raining |
| 37 | Rickshaw is not this way. | | | | | | |
| A | Come | B | Comes | C | Coming | D | Has come |
| 38 | The baby for milk now. | | | | | | |
| A | Cries | B | Is crying | C | Cried | D | Was crying |
| 39 | Are they idle? | | | | | | |
| A | Sit | B | Sits | C | Sitting | D | Sat |
| 40 | I am for you. | | | | | | |
| A | Being waiting | B | Waited | C | Waits | D | Waiting |
| 41 | She English now. | | | | | | |
| A | Was speaking | B | Speak | C | Is speaking | D | Spoke |
| 42 | He to us next week. | | | | | | |

- A Comes B Came C Is coming D Is coming
- 43 **The boys are their homework.**
- A Doing B Did C Done D Does
- 44 **Now the students a noise in the class room.**
- A Make B Had made C Have been making D Are making
- 45 **They are net ball.**
- A Playing B Play C Played D Plays
- 46 **The hen eggs.**
- A Lay B Is laying C Has been laying D Had been laying
- 47 **She English at present.**
- A Learnt B Is learning C Will learn D Has been learning
- 48 **He is along with his friends**
- A Come B Comes C Coming D Came
- 49 **I am for you.**
- A Waiting B Wait C Waited D Shall wait
- 50 **I already three cups of coffee.**
- A Took B Take C Has taken D Had taken
- 51 **The girl has the story.**
- A Wrote B Write C Written D Writes
- 52 **We have the football match.**
- A Win B Been won C Won D Had won
- 53 **I you since Monday.**
- A Do not see B Not saw C See D Have not seen
- 54 **They have in this house.**
- A Lived B Living C Are living D Were living
- 55 **She has him back.**
- A Send B Is sending C Sent D Will send
- 56 **The summer season has to an end.**
- A Coming B Comes C Came D Come
- 57 **The already their home task.**
- A Did B Have done C Do D Were doing
- 58 **You have been since morning.**
- A Rested B Rest C Rests D Resting
- 59 **She since morning.**
- A Sleep B Sleeping C Has been sleeping D Have been sleeping
- 60 **She since morning.**
- A Playing B Played C Has played D Has been playing
- 61 **You since morning.**
- A Rested B Resting C Have been resting D Rests
- 62 **They have in this house for ten years.**
- A Been living B Lived C Living D Live
- 63 **I for three hours.**
- A Am studding B Study C Will study D Have been studying
- 64 **How long you here?**
- A Wait B Waited C Waiting D Have been waiting
- 65 **The taking exercise since morning.**
- A Are B Have been C Has been D Were
- 66 **They exercise since morning.**
- A Take B Have been taking C Took D Have taken
- 67 **How long you been learning English?**
- A Has B Are C Have D Am
- 68 **I watching T.V. since 7 P.M.**


- A Has been B Have been C Am D Will be
69 **They fighting for two hours.**
- A Are B Has been C Have been D Did pakcity.org
70 **We cricket for an hour.**
- A Are playing B Will be playing C Have been playing D Were playing
71 **The patient with pain when the doctor arrived.**
- A Cried B Having been crying C Has been crying D Crises
72 **I living in this house since 1970.**
- A Has been B Have been C Was D Will be
73 **Ali this book since morning.**
- A Read B Has read C Has been reading D Will read
74 **She here since 1960.**
- A Has living B Had living C Had been living D Has been living
75 **I here for two hours.**
- A Wait B Have been waiting C Waits D Waiting
76 **She in this office for seven years.**
- A Is working B Has not seen C Have not seen D Will not seen
77 **I you since Monday.**
- A Did not use B Has not seen C Have not seen D Will not seen
78 **I am tired, because I have been**
- A Running B Run C Runs D Ran
79 **I have been for two years.**
- A Read B Reads C Readied D Reading
80 **I was to see the match.**
- A Delighted B Delighting C Delight D Had been delighted
81 **He twenty minutes ago.**
- A Leave B Left C Leaves D Leaving
82 **He here yesterday.**
- A Came B Has come C Will you D Comes
83 **She why we wanted to learn early.**
- A Ask B Asks C Asked D Will ask
84 **Quaid-e-Azam to protect the values, culture and traditions of Muslims.**
- A Wants B Wanted C Will want D Have wanted
85 **They hard all day.**
- A Worked B Working C Work D Are working
86 **Arabs started to pressure.**
- A Mounts B Mounted C Mounting D Mount
87 **Quaid-e-Azam very hard.**
- A Work B Working C Worked D Will working
88 **The fire at night.**
- A Is burn B Burning C Burnt D Was burn
89 **Why did she such a letter?**
- A Wrote B Write C Has written D Writing
90 **I him in the place yesterday.**
- A Am meeting B Was met C Met D Meat
91 **Shahida a sad song today.**
- A Sing B Sings C Sang D Is singing
92 **Posts were by Najma.**
- A Break B Broke C Broken D Breaks
93 **I this bike a month age.**
- A Buy B Bought C Will buy D Buys
94 **He from Lahore yesterday.**

- A** Came **B** Comes **C** Will come **D** Have come
- 95 **Quaid-e-Azam** very hard.
- A** Had been work **B** Works **C** Work **D** Worked
- 96 **It** to rain an hour ago.
- A** Beings **B** Had begun **C** Began **D** Is being
- 97 **She** to school an hour ago.
- A** Is going **B** Gone **C** Went **D** Will go
- 98 **I heard a noise** from behind the room.
- A** Came **B** Coming **C** Come **D** Will come
- 99 **We** a match today.
- A** Played **B** Had played **C** Will played **D** Play
- 100 **They** hockey at that time.
- A** Will be playing **B** Have played **C** Play **D** Played
- 101 **I** her in the plane.
- A** Meet **B** Am meeting **C** Met **D** Have meeting
- 102 **He** a prize last year.
- A** Win **B** Won **C** Winning **D** Will win
- 103 **He** in the run for an hour.
- A** Stand **B** Stood **C** Will stand **D** Has been standing
- 104 **I already** the letter.
- A** Post **B** Posted **C** Posting **D** Was posting
- 105 **He did not** to my letter.
- A** Reply **B** Replied **C** Replying **D** Replies
- 106 **He** the office an hour ago.
- A** Left **B** Has left **C** Will have left **D** Leaves
- 107 **It** to rain an hour ago.
- A** Began **B** Begins **C** Begin **D** Begun
- 108 **He decided to** examination.
- A** Take **B** Taking **C** Took **D** Taken
- 109 **I** this motor bike only a month ago.
- A** Will buy **B** Brought **C** Have bought **D** Buys
- 110 **Sumera** her lunch yesterday.
- A** Eat **B** Eats **C** Ate **D** Eating
- 111 **How long ago you** here.
- A** Come **B** Came **C** Have come **D** Will come
- 112 **She** a song when I entered the room.
- A** Sing **B** Sang **C** Will sing **D** Was singing
- 113 **I** a book when the bell rang.
- A** Read **B** Reads **C** Was reading **D** Will read
- 114 **It was** in the morning.
- A** Rain **B** Rained **C** Rains **D** Raining
- 115 **They** to school when the storm broke.
- A** Are going **B** Went **C** Gone **D** We're going
- 116 **He was riding a bike when he** an accident.
- A** Meet **B** Meets **C** Met **D** Meeting
- 117 **I** the book when the bell rang.
- A** Read **B** Reads **C** Reading **D** Was reading
- 118 **Girls were**
- A** Sing **B** Sings **C** Sung **D** Singing
- 119 **She was** the students.
- A** Teaches **B** Teach **C** Taught **D** Teaching
- 120 **After you** I want to sleep.

- A** Had left **B** Left **C** Leave **D** Was leaving
121 **He went home after he his work.**
- A** Finished **B** Will finish **C** Have finished **D** Had finished
122 **They their meal before the guests arrived.**
- A** Take **B** Took **C** Takes **D** Had taken
123 **She had been since morning.**
- A** Sleep **B** Sleeps **C** Slept **D** Sleeping
124 **She since morning.**
- A** In sleeping **B** Sleeps **C** Slept **D** Has been sleeping
125 **The match started after I the playground.**
- A** Has left **B** Have left **C** Left **D** Had left
126 **I had the house before it started raining.**
- A** Leave **B** Leaving **C** Left **D** Leaves
127 **I the house before it started raining.**
- A** Leave **B** Leaves **C** Had left **D** Has left
128 **I the house before it started raining.**
- A** Leave **B** Have left **C** Had left **D** Will leave
129 **She before the party begun.**
- A** Is leaving **B** Has left **C** Has been leaving **D** Had left
130 **He had already the letter.**
- A** Posts **B** Posted **C** Posting **D** Is posting
131 **We had not him before he came here.**
- A** See **B** Sees **C** Saw **D** Seen
132 **It had been since last night.**
- A** Rain **B** Raining **C** Rained **D** Was raining
133 **He had been here since 1970.**
- A** Come **B** Coming **C** Comes **D** Came
134 **The took on the table for weeks.**
- A** Lie **B** Lies **C** Was lying **D** Had been lying
135 **She in this office for seven years.**
- A** Work **B** Works **C** Was working **D** Has been working
136 **I him next Monday.**
- A** Shall see **B** Saw **C** Has seen **D** See
137 **She her work before the guest arrives.**
- A** Finish **B** Finished **C** Finishing **D** Will finish
138 **Will you me, if you are going to be late?**
- A** Informs **B** Informed **C** Informing **D** Inform
139 **He take the examination next year.**
- A** Will have **B** Will **C** Will be **D** Shall be
140 **They fro London tomorrow.**
- A** Leave **B** Shall leave **C** Will leave **D** Left
141 **I will you next week.**
- A** Visit **B** Visited **C** Have visited **D** Has visited
142 **I shall him next Monday.**
- A** Sees **B** See **C** Saw **D** Seen
143 **I this exercise in an hour's time.**
- A** Finish **B** Shall finish **C** Have finished **D** Had finished
144 **They their work by tomorrow.**
- A** Will complete **B** Completed **C** Had completed **D** Will have completed
145 **I will you with your homework if I can.**
- A** Helped **B** Help **C** Helps **D** Has helped
146 **Zahid to Lahore tomorrow.**

- A** Will go **B** Went **C** Going **D** Gone
147 **He in the sun for an hour.**
- A** Stands **B** Has stand **C** Has been standing **D** Will stand
148 **I you tomorrow.**
- A** Shall met **B** Meet **C** Meets **D** Would meet
149 **They to dinner on Sunday.**
- A** Will come **B** Came **C** Are coming **D** Come
150 **He to us tomorrow.**
- A** Comes **B** Will come **C** Came **D** Had come
151 **I this examination by August 2014.**
- A** Will pass **B** Shall pass **C** Have passed **D** Shall have
152 **I you to ride my bike if you like.**
- A** Had given **B** Give **C** Will give **D** Gives
153 **He take the examination next year.**
- A** Will have **B** Will **C** Will be **D** Shall
154 **The court its verdict on Thursday next.**
- A** Give **B** Gave **C** Given **D** Will give
155 **She taking this medicine by March next.**
- A** Will stop **B** Will have stopped **C** Stopped **D** Would stop
156 **I hope it will raining by the evening.**
- A** Stop **B** Stopped **C** Stopping **D** Stops
157 **They all night.**
- A** Will travel **B** Shall travel **C** Travel **D** Have been travelling
158 **He will be his lesson.**
- A** Learn **B** Learning **C** Learns **D** Learnt
159 **She her lesson in music in the morning.**
- A** Will be taking **B** Has been taking **C** Would be taking **D** Taking
160 **I the paper than.**
- A** Read **B** Shall be reading **C** Am reading **D** Reads
161 **Mangoes the market by April.**
- A** Reached **B** Will have reached **C** Reach **D** Are reaching
162 **He his work before the guests arrive.**
- A** Finish **B** Will have finished **C** Finishing **D** Has finished
163 **We shall have the snake.**
- A** Bill **B** Billing **C** Killed **D** Kills
164 **If you had studied hard, you succeeded.**
- A** Would **B** Will **C** Will have **D** Would have
165 **If she had seen me, she greeted me.**
- A** Will have **B** Would have **C** Would **D** Would has
166 **If you I shall be available.**
- A** Will come **B** Come **C** Have come **D** Came
167 **Although Ali was ill, he to work.**
- A** Will go **B** Go **C** Goes **D** Went
168 **I writing this letter by June next year.**
- A** Finish **B** Finishing **C** Finished **D** Shall have finished

Q. No. 1: Translate the following paragraph into Urdu:

1. Arabia is a land of unparalleled charm and beauty, with its trackless deserts of sand dunes in the dazzling rays of a tropical sun. Its starry sky has excited the imagination of poets and travelers. It was in this land that the Holy Prophet (P.B.U.H) was born, in the city of Makkah, which is about fifty miles from the Red Sea. 
2. In the fifth and sixth centuries, mankind stood on the verge of chaos. It seemed that the civilization which had taken four thousand years to grow had started crumbling. At this point in time, Allah Almighty raised a prophet from among themselves who was to lift the humanity from their ignorance into the light of faith.
3. The period of waiting had come to a close. His heart was overflowing with profound compassion for humanity. He had a pressing urge to eradicate wrong beliefs social evils, cruelty and injustice. The moment had arrived when he was to be bestowed with prophethood.
4. The flow of the Divine message which continued for the next twenty-three years had begun, and the Holy Prophet (P.B.U.H) had arisen to proclaim Oneness of God (Tauheed) and the unity of mankind. His mission was to destroy the nexus of superstition ignorance, and disbelief, set up a noble conception of life and lead mankind to the light of faith and divine bliss.
5. And the Holy Prophet's (P.B.U.H) did go the way Allah Almighty had chosen for mankind. Imbued with Divine Guidance and firm resolve, the Holy Prophet (P.B.U.H) encountered all the challenges with grace and dignity. In no time he elevated man to the highest possible level in both spiritual and worldly domains.
6. Such a thorough transformation of man and society owes to the Holy Prophet's (P.B.U.H) deep faith in Allah Almighty, to his love for humanity, and to the nobility of his character. Indeed, his life is a perfect model to follow. In reply to a question about the life of the Holy Prophet (P.B.U.H) , Hazrat Ayesha (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہا) said: "His morals and character are an embodiment of the Holy Quran."
7. Patriotism means love for the motherland or devotion to one's country. A patriot loves his country and is willing to sacrifice when the need arises. The word patriot comes from the Latin word 'patriota' which means countryman. It is considered a commendable quality.
8. Patriotism gives people the strength and courage to safeguard the interest of the country and nation. For a patriot the sovereignty, integrity and honour of the country are supreme values on which no compromise can be made. Patriots render sacrifice for the preservation and protection of these values.
9. The spirit of patriotism makes us stay alert in the wake of foreign invasion. In the history of Pakistan there are many instances when people laid their lives for the defense of the country. In the wars of 1965, 1971 and the Kargil War, many brave soldiers gave their lives in an attempt to protect the homeland.
10. There are two means of communication, electronic media and print media. The media includes films, radio, television, internet, books, magazines and newspaper. It provides us information as well as entertainment.
11. Yes, well said. It would not be wrong to say that media is the most vigilant institution that keeps an eye on every segment of the society. Through debates, reports and talk shows it makes everyone answerable and accountable. That is why media has become an integral part of our lives. Now, I would invite one of you to sum up the discussion.
12. The preparation for this journey was made at the house of Hazrat Abu Bakr Siddique (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ), Hazrat Asma (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہا) rendered useful services in this regard. She prepared food for this journey. She tied the food on the camel back with her own belt as nothing else could be found. For this service she was given the title of Zaat-un-Nataqin by the Holy Prophet (P.B.U.H).
13. During the perilous journey, it was very difficult for anyone to supply food to the Prophet Muhammad (P.B.U.H) . It was so delicate that the slightest mistake could have endangered the life of the Holy Prophet (P.B.U.H). This grand task was nicely undertaken by Hazrat Asma (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہا), the daughter of Hazrat Abu Bakr Siddique (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ).

14. Every night, with the pack of food, she would quietly venture towards the rugged mountains in which lay the cave of Thawr. She took care of the minute detail accomplishing the task. How difficult it must be for her to traverse the rocky path at night, with the constant fear of being detected!
15. Her grandfather, Hazrat Abu Quhafa was a disbeliever at that time. He was very old and had become blind. He said to her, "Asma, I think Abu Bakr has taken all the wealth, leaving you and children empty-handed and helpless." At this, she instantly ran to a corner of the home. She gathered some pebbles and put them at the place where her father used to keep his money and jewels.
16. The whole journey of the great leader's struggle for a separate homeland for the Muslims of the subcontinent was based on the pivot of the Muslim unity and oneness as a nation. He talked about Pakistan in such clear terms that a common man could understand it.
17. "We are a nation," he affirmed three years before the birth of Pakistan, "with our own distinctive culture and civilization, language and literature, art and architecture, name and nomenclature, sense of values and proportion, legal laws and moral codes, custom and calendar, history and tradition, aptitude and ambitions – in short, we have our own distinctive outlook on life."
18. Today the Quaid's Pakistan is facing numerous challenges. We have forgotten how much struggle Muslims had made under the dynamic leadership of Quaid-e-Azma Muhammad Ali Jinnah. We can overcome our present difficulties by following the Quaid's golden motto, "Faith, Unity and Discipline". We can make our nation strong by remembering his advice to the youth,"
19. The Sultan Ahmad mosque is one of the most impressive monuments in the world. It is also known as Blue Mosque because of the blue tiles that embellish its interior. Situated in Istanbul, the largest city in Turkey and the capital of Ottoman Empire from 1453 to 1923, it has become the most popular tourist attraction.
20. Construction of the mosque started in 1609. The royal architect Sedefhar Mehmat Aga, was appointed by the Sultan as in-charge of the project. The opening ceremony was held in 1616. Unfortunately, the Sultan could not see the completion of the mosque in his life. It was completed in the reign of his successor Mustafa I.
21. Blue Mosque reflects the architectural style of both Ottoman mosque and Byzantine church. Hagia Sophia, a mosque, one of the wonders of Muslim architecture, was also kept in view as a model. Blue Mosque even today is considered unmatched in splendor, majesty and size.
22. The interior of the mosque at the lower level is lined with more than 20,000 hand-made ceramic tiles in more than 50 different tulip designs. At gallery level the design becomes flamboyant with representation of flowers, fruit and cypresses.
23. The most important element in the interior of the mosque is the mehrab, which is made of finely carved marble. To the right of the mehrab is a richly decorated pulpit. The mosque is so designed that even when it is most crowded, everyone in the mosque can hear and see the Imam.
24. I was upset. The advice to leave the patient unattended did not seem right. I knew that she had suffered from major neural damage, but she needed to be given a chance. An inner voice somewhere within me spoke, "Try once for her."
25. I was shocked to hear this. The patient's family also requested me to help them fight the case. Something needed to be done. I could not leave my patient fighting a lost battle on her own. I made up my mind to risk my career and help the patient. I requested the senior doctors to allow me to attend to this young helpless patient. Somehow, I was able to make the patient stay in the ICU.
26. As I stood near the bed with several questions popping in my mind, I felt a gentle pat on my shoulder. I turned around to see a young woman, smiling at me. "Are you looking for your patient?" she said and gave me a big hug. "Thank you for everything you did! I know you did not allow them to make me lead a crippled life".
27. I stood still, until her family came around with big smiles on their faces. Thanks to Allah, she was my patient, standing and walking on her own feet. I could not recognize her without the machinery and tubes round her body.

28. She walked on crutches, which she would leave in a few months. I was so glad that I had done those exercises on her to keep her limbs in motion. I was glad that my efforts bore fruit. But most of all, I was happy that Allah Almighty had helped me win a lost battle.
29. She and her family had entered into a considerable bond of friendship with me. I was humbled by their sense of gratitude towards me. I felt a sense of renewed strength in me. "Where there is a will there is a way." I was proud to be a nurse.
30. Drug addiction is a common problem all over the world today. There are many forms of drug addiction, but the most dangerous of all is the absolute dependence on it. Long-term use of drug causes permanent mental and physical sickness. The more dangerous a substance is used the more risky it becomes. Its continuous use causes total dependence on the drug.
31. Drug addiction is caused by environmental factors. A few important environmental factors that may cause drug addiction are bad peer influence and troubled domestic background. When young people remain in bad company and do experiments in the name of adventure, they may fall a prey to addiction.
32. The most important measure to be taken in this regard is the rehabilitation and recovery of a drug addict. In many countries, including Pakistan, addicts, their families and friends consider it a taboo to share their problem with others. They feel embarrassed to talk about it for fear of being declared an outcast.
33. Drug addiction is really a very serious threat to any society. In Pakistan alone, there are almost five million drug addicts. Addicts undergo numerous economic, social and health problems. The governments all over the world have been trying to eliminate drug addiction from society but still more effort is needed to completely wipe it out.
34. The major causes of noise pollution in Pakistan are road traffic, construction sites, careless use of electronic appliances and loud speech patterns. Noise coming from different modes of transport, i.e. vehicles, airplanes, trains, ships, proves to be highly stressful for human communities. With the population growth and development in urban areas, the vehicular traffic has also multiplied.
35. Use of technology is another cause of noise pollution. For example, unmonitored use of mobile phones, electricity generators, music systems and TV, all become irritants from time to time. People usually do not switch off their mobiles or put them on silent modes when they enter offices, hospitals, school and colleges.
36. Noise pollution causes not only environmental damage but it also has a negative impact on human health. It can cause aggression, hypertension, high stress levels, hearing loss, restlessness, depression and insomnia can further lead to anxiety, bad temper and emotional stress. In addition, noise pollution can seriously affect the learners. This gives them unnecessary mental and physical tension.
37. Noise pollution is a serious issue and needs more attention at local and state level. People must develop more awareness about the dangerous impact of noise on human health. It is, therefore, a need to acquire more civic sense and responsible attitude to avoid the unnecessary use of this irritant in the environment. Only then our country would be a much quieter and much more peaceful place to live in.
38. I shall have no time to waste in regret for longing; there is so much to see. The first day I devoted to my friends, animate and inanimate. The second revealed to me the history of man and nature. Today I shall spend in the workaday world of the present, amid the haunts of men going about the business of life.
39. Now and then I have tested my seeing friends to discover what they see. Recently, I was visited by a very good friend who had just returned from a long walk in the woods, I asked her what she had observed. "Nothing in particular". She replied. I might have been incredulous had I not been accustomed to such responses, for long ago I became convinced that the seeing see little.
40. Occasionally, if I am fortunate, I place my hand gently on a small tree and feel the happy quiver of bird in full song. I am delighted to have the cool waters of a brook rush through my open fingers. To me, a lush carpet of pine needles or spongy grass is more welcome than the most luxurious Persian rug.

Q. No. 2: Answers the Following Questions:

1. What type of land Arabia is?
2. Why was the holy Quran sent in Arabic? (زیادہ اہم)
3. What was the condition of mankind before the holy prophet (saw)?
4. What was the first revelation? (زیادہ اہم)
5. How will you define patriotism? (زیادہ اہم)
6. What are the qualities of a patriot? (زیادہ اہم)
7. What is the most important function that media performs?
8. How does media provide entertainment? (زیادہ اہم)
9. Give three reasons in support of your favourite TV program? (زیادہ اہم)
10. Why was Hazrat Abu Quhaffa worried? (زیادہ اہم)
11. How did Hazrat Asma (RA) console her grandfather?
12. What message do you get from the life of Hazrat Asma (RA)?
13. She lived a life of hardships but never swerved, comment?
14. What is the central idea of the poem Daffodils? (زیادہ اہم)
15. What was Quaid's concept of our nation? (زیادہ اہم)
16. What can be the possible solution to our present problems?
17. How can we become a strong nation? (زیادہ اہم)
18. Why Sultan Ahmed Mosque is also known as Blue Mosque?
19. How does the interior of the mosque look? (زیادہ اہم)
20. Who constructed the Mosque Sophia?
21. What does Royal Kiosk mean? (زیادہ اہم)
22. Why does the speaker stop on the darkest evening of the year?
23. Why did the nurse ask Hira's sister to come and talk to her? (زیادہ اہم)
24. Describe some qualities of the personality of the nurse in the story? (زیادہ اہم)
25. Why did the nurse say "Where there is will, there is a way"?
26. What are the effects of drug addiction? (زیادہ اہم)
27. What are the causes of drug addiction? (زیادہ اہم)
28. What is the role of counseling in prevention of drug addiction?
29. How do you define noise pollution? (زیادہ اہم)
30. How is transport a source of noise pollution?
31. How is use of technology causing noise pollution?
32. Why is noise hazardous for human health?
33. Who was Helen Keller? (زیادہ اہم)
34. What did she want to introduce in universities and why? (زیادہ اہم)
35. What makes you feel that authoress is sad and depressed? (زیادہ اہم)

Q. No. 3: Write down the summary of the following poems:

1. Daffodils (Second Group)
2. Stopping by woods on a snowy evening (First Group)

Very Important Idioms



پچھلے 17 سال میں پنجاب بورڈز میں 8 سے زیادہ بار آچکے ہیں انہیں اچھی طرح سے یاد کر کے 5 نمبر پکے کریں۔

❖ mad with anger	❖ Information	❖ Perilous
❖ Bits and Pieces	❖ Infuriated	❖ Monuments
❖ Pass through	❖ A click away	❖ Request
❖ To keep an eye	❖ Dexterously	❖ Vigour
❖ Fall a prey	❖ Prosperity	❖ Pollution
❖ Raising spirit	❖ Nationalism	❖ Surprise
❖ Global village	❖ Responsible	❖ Act upon
❖ Man in the street	❖ Migration	❖ alarming
❖ make up mind	❖ Determined	❖ herald
❖ Revealed the secret	❖ Companion	❖ Spacious
❖ Fit of fury	❖ Refuge	❖ Humility
❖ Mother land	❖ Decorated	❖ Behind
❖ Ignorance	❖ Affect	❖ Next to
❖ Raise awareness	❖ Gear up	❖ Give away
❖ Impressive	❖ Host	❖ Supervise
❖ Resolute	❖ Century	❖ Damage
❖ Quietly	❖ Aptitude	

Q. No. 5: Important Moral Stories

- ❖ A foolish Stag
- ❖ A friend in need is a friend indeed
- ❖ Haste makes waste

OR

Special Letter for any Topic

Examination Hall,
City A.B.C
May 19, 2022.
My dear _____

Yesterday I received your letter. I had been waiting for it many days. Through this letter I came to know many things. I hope you will be healthy and satisfy with your life. One should thank Allah Almighty for his countless blessings.

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.....

As you have asked me about my routine. I have the same routine. I offer my prayer early in the morning.

Then after breakfast I go to school. I am eagerly waiting for your reply.

Yours sincerely / affectionately,
X.Y.Z

1. Write a letter to your mother who is worried about your health.

Ans: I could not reply soon because I was ill. I had bad cold. I did not attend my school for four days. Now I am all right. You need not worry about me.

2. Write a letter to your father asking him about the health of your mother.

Ans: I have come to know that mother is suffering from high fever. I am worried about her. She is already weak enough. I request you to get her checked by some specialist. Inform me about her present condition by return of post.

3. Write a letter to your brother about the importance of the study of science subjects.

Ans: I advise you to study science subjects because you know the world has progressed very much in all the walks of the life. You know depends upon the knowledge of science, miracles of science are seen everywhere.

4. Write a letter to your friend congratulating her on her birthday.

Ans: I am very sorry that I am not participating your birthday ceremony because of my preparation for the send-up examination to be held at tomorrow. Anyhow, I congratulate you on your birthday. I have bought a special gift for you. I was going to sent it to you by post.

5. Write a letter to your friend requesting her to spend her spring to holidays with you.

Ans: you told that your school would close for spring holidays next week. I request you to spend your holidays with us. We shall have a good time my parents will be glad to see you. Please write when you will reach.

6. Write a letter to your friend requesting him to lend some books.

Ans: you once told me that you have a collection of books on Islamiyat. My examination is over. I want to study the history of Islam. Lend me some books.

7. Write a letter to your friend thanking for her hospitality during your visit to her house.

Ans: I spend a good time with you. I shall always remember hospitality trip to Murree you arranged for me. I am thankful to you and your parents for the kind treatment.

8. Write a letter to your sister thanking her for a gift.

Ans: I have also received the watch you sent to me. I am very thankful to you. It is very beautiful. It keeps correct time. It will help me in my examination. I once again thankful for this gift.

9. Write a letter to your sister congratulating her on her success in the exams.

Ans: I am glad to know that you get first division in the exams. I congratulate you on your brilliant success. May you succeed in every sphere of life.

10. Write a letter to your mother about the test you have just taken.

Ans: I am sorry for not writing you earlier. The fact is that I was preparing for my test in Physics. It was taken yesterday. I did my paper very well. I hope I will stand first in my class.

11. Write a letter to your father requesting him to send some extra funds for payment of hostel dues.

Ans: I am concentrating my entire attention to my studies. Work in our school is in full swing. The only problems I face is that I have run short of money. I have to pay my hostel dues. Kindly send me Rs. 2000/-.

12. Write a letter to your friend congratulating him on the marriage of his sister.

Ans: I am pleased to learn about the marriage ceremony of your sister. Accept my heartiest congratulations on this happy occasion. I am sorry I could not participate in this marriage ceremony because I was busy in my exams.

13. Write a letter to your friend condoling the death of his mother.

Ans: I have just received the news of your mother's sudden death. It is a great loss only for you but also for your whole family. But the laws of nature are absolute. All my sympathies are with you. Have patience and bear this loss manfully. May Allah shower his blessings upon her.

14. Write a letter to your brother advising him to take steps to improve his health.

Ans: I have come to know that you are working very hard. You study till late at night. You have grown weak due to over-work. I advise you to take care of your health. Take proper food and take part in other healthy activities.

15. Write a letter to your friend thanking him for the books he lent you.

Ans: I received the books you lent me yesterday. I am thankful to you for this kindness. You have always been very sincere to me.

Most Important Comprehension



- One day a wolf felt very hungry. He wandered here and there in search of food but he could not find any thing to eat. At last he saw a flock of sheep grazing in a pasture. he eanted to eat one but they were guarded by a hound. The shepherd's son was also tending the flock vigilantly. The wolf found himself helpless. At last he hit upon a plan. He hid himself in the skin of a sheep and safely went into the flock. The hound could not find out the wolf in disguise. He killed a sheep and ate it without being caught. In this way he ate up many sheep and their number began to fall every day. The shephered was greatly worrid but could not find out the thief.

- Questions:**
- Why did the wolf wander about?
 - Did he find anything to eat?
 - Why was the wolf help-less?

- iv. How did he get into the flock?
- v. Why was the shepherd worried?

2. On a hot summer day, a fox felt very thirsty. He went about in search of water but could find water nowhere. At last he reached a well. He peeped into it. Unfortunately, he slipped and fell into the well. A goat happened to pass by the well and looked into it. She said to the fox, "What are you doing here?" The cunning fox replied, "Dear niece, I am enjoying a swim down here. It is very pleasant, come down and jump into the well."

- Questions:**
- i. What happened to the thirsty fox?
 - ii. Who passed by the well just then?
 - iii. What did the goat do?
 - iv. What did the goat say to the fox?
 - v. What did the fox say in reply?

3. King Robert Bruce ruled over Scotland. He had been defeated many times by the English. He ran for his life and hid himself in a cave. He had lost all hope to win. As he lay there thinking if he should give up his struggle or not, he saw a spider trying to reach its cobweb in the ceiling of the cave. It fell down again and again but did not give up its attempt. At last the little insect reached its ninth attempt. This gave courage to King Bruce. He made up his mind to fight and this time he won the battle.

- Questions:**
- i. By whom had Robert Bruce been defeated many times?
 - ii. Where did he hide himself?
 - iii. What did he see in the cave?
 - iv. After how many attempts did the spider succeed?
 - v. What lesson did King Bruce learn from the spider?

4. Khalid was extremely kind hearted and just to the people. His army had strict orders not to do any harm to the farmers, aged persons, women, children and other civilians. They are the real strength of society, "he said. "They should always be treated with kindness and respect." This was something new for the conquered people, who felt very happy now. The Iranian and Byzantine officers were very harsh on them. Khalid's treatment won their hearts so much they began to hate their cruel old masters.

- Questions:**
- i. How did Khalid treat the people?
 - ii. What were the orders given to the Army?
 - iii. What did he say about the farmers and civilians?
 - iv. How had their former masters treated them?
 - v. How did Khalid win the hearts of the conquered people?

5. A man is known by the company he keeps. A good student should avoid the company of those who keep playing all the time. Many students miss their classes and seldom do their home work because fellow students do the same. There are hardworking students also who work while others play. They know when to study and when to play. They play when it is time to play. They enjoy the game of their choice because they know that playing games is essential for health. A sickly student is not so quick in learning his lesson as a healthy one.

- Questions:**
- i. What kind of company should a good student keep?
 - ii. Why do some students miss their classes?
 - iii. Why do good students enjoy good health?
 - iv. Why are games necessary for students?
 - v. In what does the success of a student lie?

6. Newspapers keep us constantly in touch with the whole of mankind. In olden days, a man's world consisted of his own village and one or two neighbouring villages. It was difficult for him to know what was going on in the other parts of the country. But today, the press assisted by rapid means of communications brings us news from the farthest corner of the globe. The press is also responsible for educating public opinion. The laws of a nation are really shaped by its press. In fact, the public receives guidance from the newspapers. Thus, their power in modern times is really great.

- Questions:**
- i. What good do the newspapers do to us?
 - ii. Why in olden days, why could man could not know what was going on in far off places?
 - iii. What is the responsibility of press today?
 - iv. How are the laws of a country shaped now a day?

v. How are news papers a source of public guidance?

7. Making pottery on the potter's wheel is called "throwing". The thrower is a very skilful workman. But there is another method of shaping articles out of clay-moulding. A plaster mould is made and the clay is pressed into it. This is a quicker and less difficult way and must be used to make things like handles, but all the most beautiful pottery is thrown. When the piece of pottery is taken off the wheel, it is put aside to dry, after which may be painted on it with special colours that will stand great heat. It is then ready to be fired. This is done in a large oven, or kiln. The pieces of pottery are placed in earthenware tubs called 'Saggers' so that the flames cannot touch the pottery.

- Questions:**
- What is throwing?
 - What is the other method of shaping articles?
 - What is the advantage of Moulding?
 - How does the potter make designs on the pieces of pottery?
 - How is pottery baked in fire?

8. Early rising is a good habit as it gives us a early start of our day's work. We gain time while the late risers are asleep. The early risers have another advantage also and that is that they enjoy good and sound health. Those who are out of bed early have plenty of time to do their work carefully, steadily and completely. They do not have to put off anything to the next day. The early riser is always happy, fresh and smart. He enjoys his work while those who get up late find their duty dull and dry and do it unwillingly. Early rising is therefore, a key to success in life.

- Questions:**
- What kind of habit is early rising?
 - Why can an early riser do more work than the late riser?
 - Why does an early riser enjoy good health?
 - Why does a late riser find his work dull and dry?
 - What is the key to success in life?

9. Iqbal is not only the greatest poet of our age, but also one of the greatest poets of all times. There are not many poets who wrote so many great poems as he did. He did not write poetry for poetry's sake. He was, in fact, much more than mere a poet. He was a leaned man. He was a great scholar. He was a great philosopher. He was a political leader of great importance. But more than anything he was Muslim who had great love for Allah and his prophet (Peace Be Upon Him). He wrote poetry to express the great and every lasting truth of philosophy, history and Islam. He from the deep sleep. He asked the Muslims of the whole world to unite.

- Questions:**
- Why is Iqbal considered to be one of the greatest poet of all times?
 - Did he write poetry for poetry's sake?
 - How can you say that Iqbal was much more than a mere poet?
 - What kind of Muslim was Iqbal?
 - With what aim did he write poetry?

10. One day the girl found a coin. It rolled away before the broom when she was sweeping the yard, and fell with little clatter against the wall. She ran and picked it up. Someone had dropped it while crossing the yard a perhaps had not even troubled to look for it. It was worth little. But it seemed a whole fortune to her who never had anything of her own before. She rubbed it clean on sleeve of her blue cottn jacket and put it into her pocket.

- Questions:**
- What did the girl find?
 - When did she find it?
 - How had the coin been there?
 - What was the worth of the coin?
 - Why was it a whole fortune for her?

11. Indian National Congress was founded in 1885 by a liberal English man Mr. A.O. Hume. He had joined the Indian Civil Service in 1849 and retired from service after shouldering different responsibilities. He had been watching ugly law and order situations in the country quite frequently. He was of the opinion that the high handed rule of the Britishers was paving way for an unexpected outburst of violence. His plan was to put a safety valve to minimise the mounting sentiments against the British rule. It was meant to provide an outlet which could ventilate the revolutionary spirit. Mr. Hume put his plan before Lord Duffrin.

- Questions:**
- Who founded the Indian National Congress?

- ii. Who was Mr. A.O. Hume?
- iii. When was the Indian National Congress founded?
- iv. Why did Hume think of founding this political organisation?
- v. With whom did he discuss his plan?

12. Camel is rightly called the "Ship of desert". It is the best means of transport in deserts. Camels go slow. But they go on walking for hours on the burning sand and in the blazing sun. Camels carry heavy loads, much more in weight than any other beast of burden can. While other animal's feet sink into the sand, nature has made the feet of camel so that it is not at all difficult for it to walk on sand. The camel is superior to all other animals because it can go without food and drink for days and weeks together. It can store food and water. Its hump is also a store of food which the camels use when they get nothing to eat and drink for many days. In deserts, only bushes grow here and there and the camel can live on these.

- Questions:**
- i. Why is camel called the ship of desert?
 - ii. Is it for its speed that it is called the "ship of desert"?
 - iii. What difficulty have other beasts of burden to face while walking on the sand?
 - iv. Why does a camel walk easily on the loose-sand of the desert?
 - v. What special quality makes camel superior to other animals used for transport?

Change the Voice of the Following

AV means: Active Voice

PV means: Passive Voice



1 AV: They have bought a horse.	PV: A horse has been bought by them.
2 AV: They have won the match.	PV: The match has been won by them.
3 AV: The Board has given me a gold medal.	PV: A gold medal has been given to me by the Board.
4 AV: She has not beaten the dog.	PV: The dog has not been beaten by her.
5 AV: They have not done their job.	PV: Their job has not been done by them.
6 AV: They had gained nothing.	PV: Nothing had been gained by them.
7 AV: He had told me to do it.	PV: I had been told to do it by him.
8 AV: They had not done their home task.	PV: Their home task had not been done by them.
9 AV: We shall have killed the snake.	PV: The snake will have been killed by us.
10 AV: We shall have finished our work by March next.	PV: Our work will have been finished by us by March next.
11 AV: I am making the map of Pakistan.	PV: The map of Pakistan is being made by me.
12 AV: They are buying this house.	PV: This house is being bought by them.
13 AV: The boy is climbing the wall.	PV: The wall is being climbed by the boy.
14 AV: Why is he mending the chair?	PV: Why is the chair being mended by him?
15 AV: Who is ringing the bell?	PV: By whom is the bell being rung?
16 AV: She was teaching the students.	PV: The students were being taught by her.
17 AV: The teacher was helping the students.	PV: The students were being helped by the teacher.
18 AV: Children are making a noise.	PV: A noise was being made by children.
19 AV: Why were they beating the boy?	PV: Why was the boy being beaten by them?
20 AV: Who was knocking at the door?	PV: By whom was the door being knocked at?
21 PV: The picture is made by the boy.	AV: The boy makes the picture.
22 PV: The children are loved by the mother.	AV: The mother loves the children.
23 PV: The watch was lost by my mother.	AV: My mother lost the watch.
24 PV: The students were being taught by her.	AV: She was teaching the students.
25 PV: The snake will have been killed by us.	AV: We shall have killed the snake.
26 AV: She likes apples.	PV: Apples are liked by her.
27 AV: The boy makes the picture.	PV: The picture is made by the boy.

28 AV: Khurshid helps Naushaba.	PV: Naushaba is helped by Khurshid.
29 AV: The mother loves the children.	PV: The children are loved by the mother.
30 AV: We use milk for making cheese.	PV: Milk is used by us for making cheese.
31 AV: He will write a letter.	PV: A letter will be written by him.
32 AV: She will help me.	PV: I shall be helped by her.
33 AV: He will give you a box of chocolates.	PV: You will be given a box of chocolates by him.
34 AV: My teacher will help me in my studies.	PV: I shall be helped in my studies by my teacher.
35 AV: We shall not betray our country.	PV: Our country will not be betrayed by us.
36 AV: Open the door.	PV: Let the door be opened.
37 AV: Shut the window.	PV: Let the window be shut.
38 AV: Speak the truth.	PV: Let the truth be spoken.
39 AV: Don't tell a lie.	PV: Let a lie not be told.
40 AV: They caught the thief.	PV: The thief was caught by them.
41 AV: He took away my books.	PV: My books were taken away by him.
42 AV: A car ran over an old man.	PV: An old man was run over by a car.
43 AV: The driver opened the door of the car.	PV: The door of the car was opened by the driver.
44 AV: The sudden noise frightened the child.	PV: The child was frightened by the sudden noise.
45 AV: She bought five video films.	PV: Five video films were bought by her.
46 AV: She gave me five films.	PV: I was given five films by her.
47 AV: He praised the boy for his courage.	PV: The boy was praised for his courage by him.
48 AV: The doctor asked her to stay in bed.	PV: She was asked to stay in bed by the doctor.
49 AV: We did not hear a sound.	PV: A sound was not heard by us.
50 AV: Why did she write such a letter?	PV: Why was such a letter written by her?

Q.No. 8: Translation from Urdu into English

پچھلے 17 سال میں پنجاب بورڈز میں 8 سے زیادہ بار آچکے ہیں انہیں اچھی طرح سے یاد کر کے 5 نمبر پکے کریں۔

1. وہ بڑا مکار آدمی تھا۔	2. یہ قیمتی گھڑی ہے۔
3. ہمارے سپاہی بہادر تھے۔	4. ہم سب خوش تھے۔
5. کیا میں وفادار نہیں ہوں؟	6. یہ کتاب دلچسپ نہ تھی۔
7. کتا اور گھوڑا وفادار جانور ہیں۔	8. ہم سب مسلمان ہیں۔
9. ایک درجن انڈے خراب تھے۔	10. ہر پاکستانی محبت و وطن ہے۔
11. یہ سوال بہت پیچیدہ ہے۔	12. ٹیپو سلطان عادل حکمران تھا۔
13. کیا گائے کے دو سینگ ہوتے ہیں؟	14. کیا تمام سوال مشکل تھے؟
15. ان عورتوں کے پاس زیور نہیں ہیں۔	16. کیا ہرن کی چار ٹانگیں نہیں ہوتیں؟
17. کیا مسافروں کے پاس سامان نہیں ہے؟	18. کیا آپ کے پاس لائسنس ہے؟
19. کسان دو بیل رکھتا تھا۔	20. ہمارے باغ کے ارد گرد باڑ تھی۔
21. گاڑ کے پاس دو جھنڈیاں تھیں۔	22. ہمارا نوکر بندوق کالا لائسنس نہیں رکھتا تھا۔
23. نسیم ہمیشہ سچ بولتی ہے۔	24. کیا جہاز میں کوئی مسافر نہ تھا؟
25. آپ ہر روز نہاتے ہیں۔	26. وہ وقت پر سکول آتے ہیں۔
27. ہم روز اخبار پڑھتے ہیں۔	28. بکری دودھ دیتی ہے۔
29. امیر آدمی غریبوں کو حقارت کی نگاہ سے دیکھتا ہے۔	30. غریب آدمی مشکل سے گزر بسر کرتا ہے۔
31. میں تیرنا جانتا ہوں۔	32. مرغیاں سارا سال انڈے دیتی ہیں۔
33. ڈوبتے کو تنکے کا سہارا۔	34. خدا ان کے مدد کرتا ہے جو اپنی مدد آپ کرتے ہیں۔

35. میرا دوست مجھے ہمیشہ صحیح مشورہ دیتا ہے۔
36. سورج مغرب میں غروب ہوتا ہے۔
37. یہ قصاب کم تولتا ہے۔
38. جو محنت کرتا ہے اس کا پھل پاتا ہے۔
39. وہ کسی سے نفرت نہیں کرتا ہے۔
40. وہ اچھے آدمیوں میں اٹھتا بیٹھتا ہے۔
41. لکڑی پانی میں نہیں ڈوبتی ہے۔
42. گھوڑے ریگستان میں نہیں دوڑتے ہیں۔
43. یہ طلبہ وقت کیوں ضائع کرتے ہیں؟
44. بچے آنکھ مچولی کہاں کھیلتے ہیں؟
45. پرندے کب چہچہاتے ہیں؟
46. مرغاب اذان دیتا ہے؟
47. مرغی انڈے دے رہی ہے۔
48. لڑکا امتحان کی تیاری اچھی طرح کر رہا ہے۔
49. کنواں چل رہا ہے۔
50. گوالہ گائے کا دودھ دودھ رہا ہے۔
51. بچے شور مچا رہے ہیں۔
52. ہم پرانے سکے جمع کر رہے ہیں۔
53. طلبہ سکول کو سجا رہے ہیں۔
54. عورت دودھ اُبال رہی ہے۔
55. پاکستان دن دو گنی رات چو گنی ترقی کر رہا ہے۔
56. حکومت نئے سکول کھول رہی ہے۔
57. گورنر جلسے کی صدارت نہیں کر رہا ہے۔
58. وہ مسکرا نہیں رہی ہے۔
59. کیا چاند نکل رہا ہے؟
60. وہ دیانتداری سے کام نہیں کر رہا ہے۔
61. اس لڑکی نے سبق یاد کر لیا ہے۔
62. عورتیں کپڑے کہاں دھو رہی ہیں؟
63. میں ناشتہ کر چکا ہوں۔
64. آپ اپنا کام ختم کر چکے ہیں۔
65. اُمیدوار پرچہ حل کر چکے ہیں۔
66. غریب آدمی امیر ہو چکا ہے۔
67. نسیم نے امتحان پاس کر لیا ہے۔
68. بورڈ نے نتیجے کا اعلان کر دیا ہے۔
69. مستری نے کام ادھورا نہیں چھوڑا ہے۔
70. ہم بندوق چلا چکے ہیں۔
71. آپ نے روپیہ کہاں رکھا ہے؟
72. وہ چھت سے کیسے گرا ہے؟
73. اصغر دوپہر سے پتنگ اڑا رہا ہے۔
74. ہم کئی گھنٹے سے آپ کا انتظار کر رہے ہیں۔
75. وہ 1983ء سے پنشن لے رہا ہے۔
76. کسان دو ماہ سے فصل کی کٹائی کر رہا ہے۔
77. وہ دو دن سے ورزش نہیں کر رہا ہے۔
78. لڑکیاں سات بجے سے ہار بنا رہی ہیں۔
79. میں نے ایک کیمرا خریدا۔
80. کیا ہجوم دوپہر سے نعرے لگا رہا ہے؟
81. ہماری ٹیم نے میچ جیت لیا۔
82. ہم نے دریا پار کیا۔
83. تم نے اپنا وعدہ پورا نہ کیا۔
84. مزدوروں نے ہڑتال کھول دی۔
85. پرنسپل نے انعامات تقسیم نہ کیے۔
86. لوگوں نے اس قانون نے خلاف احتجاج نہ کیا۔
87. وہ تیز دوڑ رہا تھا۔
88. فوج نے قلعہ پر قبضہ نہ کیا۔
89. صبح بارش ہو رہی تھی۔
90. تم کہانی سنا رہے تھے۔
91. چپڑا اسی گھنٹی نہیں بجا رہا تھا۔
92. لوگ پتنگ اڑا رہے تھے۔
93. امجد نے کل تک سبق یاد کیا تھا۔
94. لوگ کس کا انتظار کر رہے تھے؟
95. لڑکی دس دن سے یہ کتاب پڑھ رہی تھی۔
96. وہ ایک گھنٹے سے خط لکھ رہا تھا۔
97. ہم تین بجے سے تیر رہے تھے۔
98. بارش دو دن سے ہو رہی تھی۔
99. گھوڑے چراگا ہوں میں چریں گے۔
100. وہ ہر روز سبق سنائے گی۔
101. امیر غریب کی مدد کرے گا۔
102. میں آج جلسے میں تقریر کروں گا۔
103. آج آندھی نہیں آئے گی۔
104. ہم پاکستان سے محبت کریں گے۔
105. ہم مکان میں سفیدی کر رہے ہوں گے۔
106. تم اپنے بیٹے کو نصیحت نہیں کرو گے۔
107. ستارے کب چمک رہے ہوں گے؟
108. فوج دشمن پر گولیاں برسا رہی ہوگی۔
109. مہمان آچکے ہوں گے۔
110. سورج غروب ہو چکا ہوگا۔
111. تم ناشتہ کر چکے ہو گے۔
112. ہم آرام کر چکے ہوں گے۔
113. وہ اخبار نہیں پڑھ چکے ہوں گے۔
114. انہوں نے نماز پڑھ لی ہوگی۔